

Flash Situation Update #1

HEAVY RAINFALL, FLASH FLOODS AND LANDSLIDES IN THE ROHINGYA CAMPS, COX'S BAZAR

4-6 July 2026



Key Impacts

Overnight heavy rainfall triggered multiple landslides, strong winds and localized flash flooding across the Rohingya refugee camps and surrounding areas. Prior to the incidents recorded on 6 July, heavy rainfall between the evening of 4 July and 20:00 hrs on 5 July had already caused widespread impacts across the refugee camps. According to the **Rohingya Coordination Platform (RCP) Daily Incidents Dashboard Report**, since 20:00 hrs on 4 July 2026 until 6 July 2026, 09:30 hrs, 76 incidents (21 landslides and 43 wind/storm incidents) were recorded, affecting **5,249 individuals**.

The incidents resulted in nine fatalities, six injuries, and the temporary displacement of 386 individuals. In addition, **791 shelters** were partially damaged, four shelters were completely destroyed, and damage was reported to 634 retaining walls, 120 stairways, 203 pathways, 85 latrines, 15 roads, and other camp infrastructure.

Field-level verification by humanitarian partners indicates that the most severe impacts occurred in **Camps 11 and 15** in Ukhiya, where landslides claimed the lives of seven Rohingya refugees, including one child. On 5 July, the injuries resulted from a landslide in **Camp 14**, while the two fatalities were caused by separate drowning incidents in **Camp 4 Extension** and **Kutupalong Refugee Camp**. Additional landslides were reported in **Camp 7**, while flash flooding affected the Thaingkhali section of the Ukhiya–Teknaf Highway, which remains passable but requires cautious movement. Search and rescue operations were conducted by the Fire Service and Civil Defence and the Armed Police Battalion (APBN).

KEY FIGURES*

(from 20:00 hrs 4 July 2026 to 09:30 hrs 6 July 2026)

5,249
REFUGEES
AFFECTED

9
REFUGEES
FATALITIES

6
REFUGEES
INJURED

386
REFUGEES
DISPLACED

76
CUMULATIVES
INCIDENTS
REPORTED

21
LANDSLIDES

43
WIND/STORMS

4
FLOODS

791
SHELTERS
PARTIALLY
DAMAGED

4
SHELTERS
TOTALLY
DAMAGED

*Figures are subject to ongoing verification and updates. The most current information is available through the online [RCP Daily Incidents Dashboard](#)

According to publicly available information, one additional fatality was reported following a landslide in Chattar Ghona, Cox's Bazar town (source: [The Territorial News](#)).

Weather outlook

According to the Bangladesh Meteorological Department (BMD), the Monsoon Depression has moved west-northwestwards and is now located over interior Odisha and adjoining southern Jharkhand, India. Although the system is moving away from Bangladesh, its associated active monsoon circulation continues to generate squally weather, widespread rainfall and rough sea conditions across the country's coastal districts, including Cox's Bazar.

As a result, Local Cautionary Signal No. 3 remains in force for the maritime ports of Chattogram, Cox's Bazar, Mongla and Payra, while fishing boats and trawlers have been advised to remain in shelter. During the **24-hour period ending at 06:00 hrs on 6 July, 250 mm of rainfall** was recorded in Cox's Bazar. BMD forecasts continued heavy rainfall, maintaining a high risk of further landslides and flash flooding.

Response and outlook

Humanitarian partners continue to work in close coordination with the Government of Bangladesh, including the Refugee Relief and Repatriation Commissioner (RRRC), local authorities, the Fire Service and Civil Defence, and the Armed Police Battalion (APBN) to support search and rescue operations, conduct rapid assessments, and coordinate emergency response activities in the affected camps.

With continued heavy rainfall forecast by BMD, the risk of additional landslides, flash flooding, slope failures, infrastructure damage and access constraints remains high, particularly across the hilly refugee camps of Ukhiya and Teknaf. Humanitarian partners are advised to maintain heightened preparedness, closely monitor official weather advisories, and exercise caution during field movements.



The latest incidents underscore the operational constraints posed by severe camp congestion and reinforce the importance of ongoing advocacy on camp space optimization and additional space, where feasible. Additional space would support safer relocation from high-risk areas, improve drainage and access, and strengthen resilience to future monsoon-related hazards.

For up to date information, please consult the [Daily Incidents Dashboard](#).

