



# Dissemination Workshop on

## Nutrition Survey Results and Action Plan Development, Cox's Bazar District.

15<sup>th</sup> May 2024

**Implemented by:**  
Action Against Hunger (ACF)

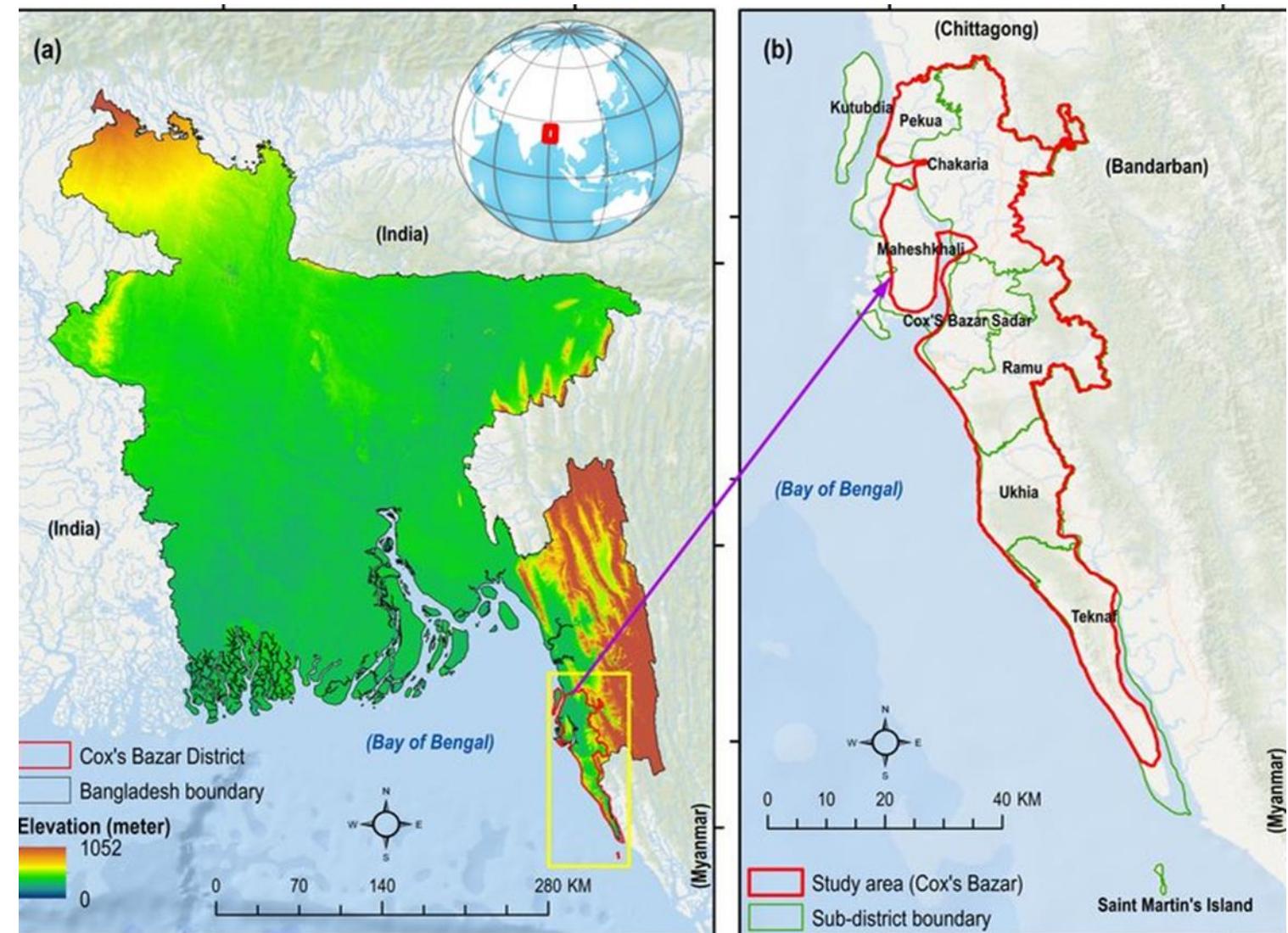
**Supported by:**  
UNICEF



PRESENTED BY: DR MD ABUL HASAN

# BACKGROUND: SURVEY LOCATION AND TIMELINE

- ❑ Eight Upazila population representative SMART nutrition surveys were implemented in Cox's Bazar district
- ❑ **Timeline:** 8<sup>th</sup> November to 29<sup>th</sup> December 2023



# NUTRITION ACTOR'S PRESENCE IN COX'S BAZAR DISTRICT

UPAZILA	ACTOR PRESENCE
Ukhiya	UNICEF (IP: SHED, CARE), WFP (SHED), ACF (SHED)
Teknaf	UNICEF (IP: SHED, CARE), WFP (SHED), ACF (SHED)
Cox's Bazar Sadar	UNICEF (IP: SHED, CARE)
Ramu	UNICEF (IP: SHED, CARE)
Moheshkhali	UNICEF (IP SHED, CARE), WFP (SHED)
Kutubdia	UNICEF (IP SHED, CARE), WFP (SHED)
Chokoria	UNICEF (IP: SHED, CARE)
Pekua	UNICEF (IP SHED, CARE), WFP (SHED)

# SURVEY JUSTIFICATION

- ❑ Last SMART survey was conducted in 2021 only six upazilas,
  - Prevalence of Wasting: Lowest in Teknaf 8.9 and Highest in Kutubdia 14.8
  - Prevalence of Stunting: Lowest in Ukhiya 20.7 and Highest in Moheshkhali 29.8
  - Prevalence Underweight: Lowest in 21.9 Teknaf and Highest in Moheshkhali 32.1
- ❑ To monitor progress of six upazilas and to include remaining two Upazilas (Chakoria and Ramu)
- ❑ To facilitate data-driven decision-making and targeted interventions.
- ❑ To explore the nutritional landscape including WASH, food security, morbidity and mortality at the Upazila level
- ❑ To address complex nutritional challenges and promote evidence-based programming in the ever-evolving context.

# GENERAL OBJECTIVES

- To evaluate nutrition status of
  - Children under 6-59 months,
  - Adolescent girls (10-19 years)
  - Pregnant and lactating women (PLWs)
- To asses household food security status
  - Food Consumption Sore(FCS)
  - Reduced Coping Strategy (rCSI)
  - Livelihood status
- WASH situation across the upazila
  - Status of household toilet facilities
  - Status of drinking water at Household level
  - Handwashing Practice during critical time

# SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

## **Nutritional Status:**

- Wasting, stunting, underweight among children aged 6-59 months.
- Nutrition status of Pregnant and Lactating Women
- Nutrition status of adolescent girls

## **Morbidity:**

- Diarrhea, Acute Respiratory Infection, Fever and measles among children 6-59 months

## **Coverage:**

- Measles vaccination , vitamin A supplementation among children 6-59 months and deworming status 24-59 months

## **IYCF:**

- Infant and Young Child Feeding Practices among children 0-23 months

## **IFA:**

- Iron Folic Acid consumption among pregnant women and adolescent girls aged 10-19 years

## **Mortality :**

- Retrospective crude mortality and under five mortality rates

## **FSL :**

- Minimum dietary diversity for women of reproductive age (15-49 years).
- Household Food Consumption Score (FCS), reduced coping mechanism (rCSI) and Livelihood status

## **WASH :**

- Household Water Sanitation and hygiene practices

# ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

- **Population representative cross-sectional household survey** was conducted using SMART (Standardized Monitoring and Assessment of Relief and Transitions) survey methodology.
- **Sample size** was calculated using ENA software (Version January 11<sup>th</sup>, 2020)
- **Two Stages Cluster Sampling Technique was applied.**
  - Selection of clusters (villages) using probability proportion to size (PPS) sampling through ENA software
  - Selection of households using simple random sampling.
  - Households were selected from all **host community population**. An updated household list was developed by survey teams prior to the data collection
  - All eligible subject within selected households was included in the survey.

# Summary of Final Targeted Sample Size

Name of Upazila	Estimated Population of the areas	Estimated Number of children Under 5 years	Sample size (Children 6-59 months)	Rounded HHs	Rounded Number of Clusters (assuming 15 HHs per cluster per day)
<b>Ukhiya</b>	284008	31809	502	990	66
<b>Teknaf</b>	356703	39951	452	735	49
<b>Cox's Bazar Sadar</b>	619379	69370	369	765	51
<b>Ramu</b>	358968	40204	488	1065	71
<b>Moheshkhali</b>	392092	43914	423	720	48
<b>Kutubdia</b>	148214	16600	440	705	47
<b>Chokoria</b>	625891	70100	488	1065	71
<b>Pekua</b>	226281	25343	423	660	44
<b>Cox's Bazar District</b>	<b>3011536</b>	<b>337291</b>	<b>3585</b>	<b>6705</b>	<b>447</b>

**\*15 households were assessed from each clusters**

# SURVEY RESULTS



# SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

- The survey achieved minimum number of clusters ( $\geq 90\%$ ) and children ( $\geq 80\%$ ) as recommended by SMART methodology to get representative results.
- Absent: 3.8%, Refusal: 0.1%, Not able to reach 0.2%\*

# SURVEY DATA QUALITY

Upazila	Criteria	SD WHZ	Flagged(%)	Sex-ratio	Age-ratio	Digit Pref. Weight
Ukhiya	Observed	0.94	0.8	p=0.478	p=0.817	5
Teknaf	Observed	0.94	0.2	p=0.524	p=0.355	4
Cox's Bazar Sadar	Observed	0.88	0.2	p=0.452	p=0.729	5
Ramu	Observed	0.86	0.0	P=0.146	P=0.006	5
Moheshkhali	Observed	0.88	0.5	P=0.476	P=0.135	4
Kutubdia	Observed	0.83	0.0	P=0.544	P=0.700	2
Chokoria	Observed	0.90	0.0	P=0.072	P=0.259	5
Pekua	Observed	0.85	0.5	P=0.355	P=0.973	5
	Desired	0.8-1.2	< 5%	(p>0.05)	(p>0.05)	< 13

Excellent	Good	Acceptable	Problematic

Percentage of children with exact birthday with document: 98%

# SURVEY DATA QUALITY

Upazila	Criteria	Digit Pref. Height	Digit Pref. MUAC	Skewness	Kurtosis	Poisson Distribution	Overall Score* (%)
Ukhiya	Observed	6	4	0.30	0.08	p=0.065	1
Teknaf	Observed	7	6	-0.06	0.30	p=0.017	2
Cox's Bazar Sadar	Observed	6	4	0.17	0.35	P=0.127	6
Ramu	Observed	5	6	0.00	0.16	p=0.750	9
Moheshkhali	Observed	6	5	-0.23	-0.09	p=0.467	6
Kutubdia	Observed	4	2	0.18	-0.12	p=0.695	10
Chokoria	Observed	4	6	0.07	0.15	p=0.603	7
Pekua	Observed	5	4	-0.09	0.60	p=0.637	10
	Desired	< 13	< 13	< ± 0.6	< ± 0.6	(p>0.01)	< 15

Excellent	Good	Acceptable	Problematic

\*Score per ENA for SMART methodology plausibility check

# DEMOGRAPHY OF UNDER 5 ,PLW AND ADOLESCENT

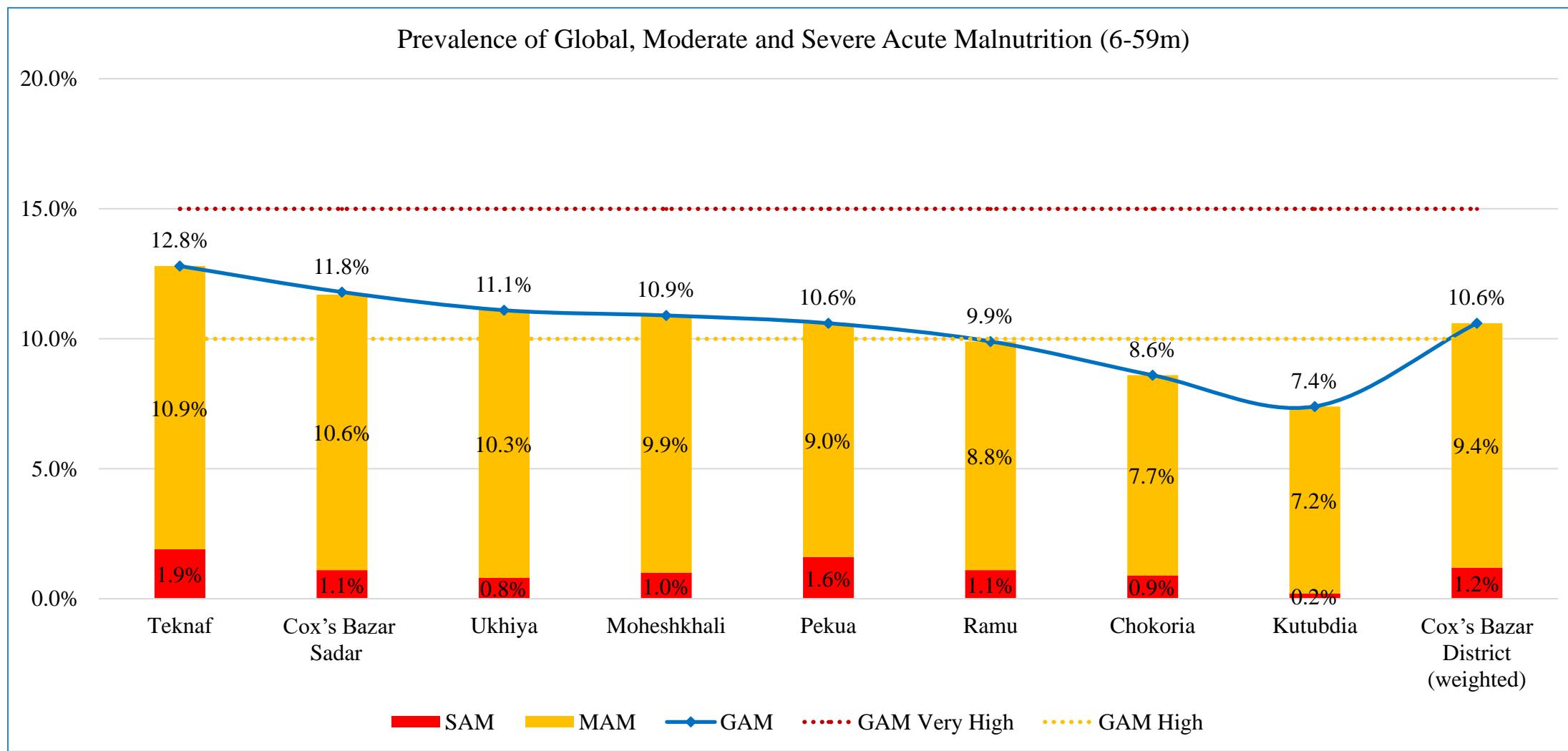
Upazila	% 6-59 months	% of Pregnant women	% of Lactating women with infant < 6 months	% of Lactating women with infant ≥ 6 months	% of Adolescent Girl (10-19)
Ukhiya	11.1	1.5	1.2	2.8	10.3
Teknaf	11.8	1.3	<b>1.5</b>	3.3	9.6
Cox's Bazar Sadar	12.5	1.6	1.4	3.3	8.9
Ramu	10.7	1.6	1.3	<b>4.4</b>	10.3
Moheshkhali	11.3	1.2	1.3	3.7	9.1
Kutubdia	<b>13.2</b>	<b>1.8</b>	1.3	<b>4.4</b>	9.5
Chokoria	10.5	1.4	1.4	3.8	8.7
Pekua	12.1	1.5	1.2	3.3	<b>10.4</b>
Cox's Bazar District (Weighted %)	13.3	1.5	1.4	3.6	9.4

# RETROSPECTIVE CRUDE AND UNDER 5 DEATH RATES

Upazila	Mid-interval population	Crude death rate* Deaths/10,000/day	Mid-interval under five population	Under 5 death rate Deaths/10,000/day
Ukhiya	4771	0.11 (0.05-0.26)	577	0.17 (0.07-0.46)
Teknaf	3671	0.17 (0.07-0.43)	474	0.22 (0.03-1.66)
Cox's Bazar Sadar	3678	0.15 (0.06-0.38)	489	0.19 (0.01-2.56)
Ramu	5177	0.12 (0.04-0.34)	612	0.14 (0.01-1.89)
Moheshkhali	3398	0.07 (0.02-0.23)	419	0.20 (0.03-1.48)
Kutubdia	3469	0.02 (0.00-0.24)	505	0.00 (0.00-0.00)
Chokoria	5161	0.06 (0.02-0.15)	621	0.24 (0.06-0.96)
Pekua	3106	0.15 (0.06-0.37)	408	0.56 (0.18-1.73)
Cox's Bazar District (Weighted Value)		<b>0.10 (0.07, 0.15)</b>		<b>0.22 (0.11, 0.41)</b>

Indicator	Population	Global Emergency Threshold
<b>Crude death rate (CDR)</b>	Entire population	>1 death/10,000/day
<b>Under 5 death rate (U5DR)</b>	Children Under 5	>2 deaths/10,000/day

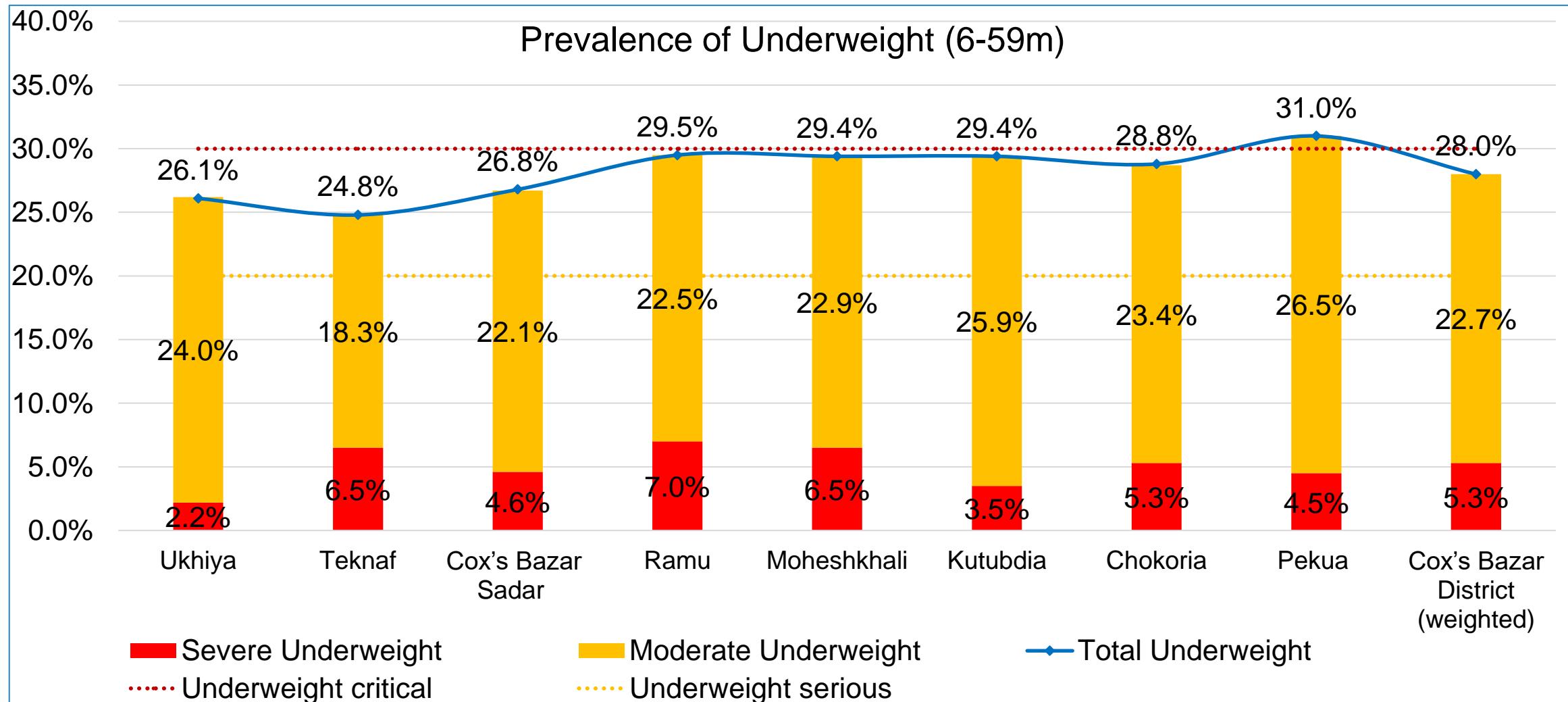
# PREVALENCE OF ACUTE MALNUTRITION BASED ON WEIGHT-FOR-HEIGHT Z SCORES AND/OR OEDEMA



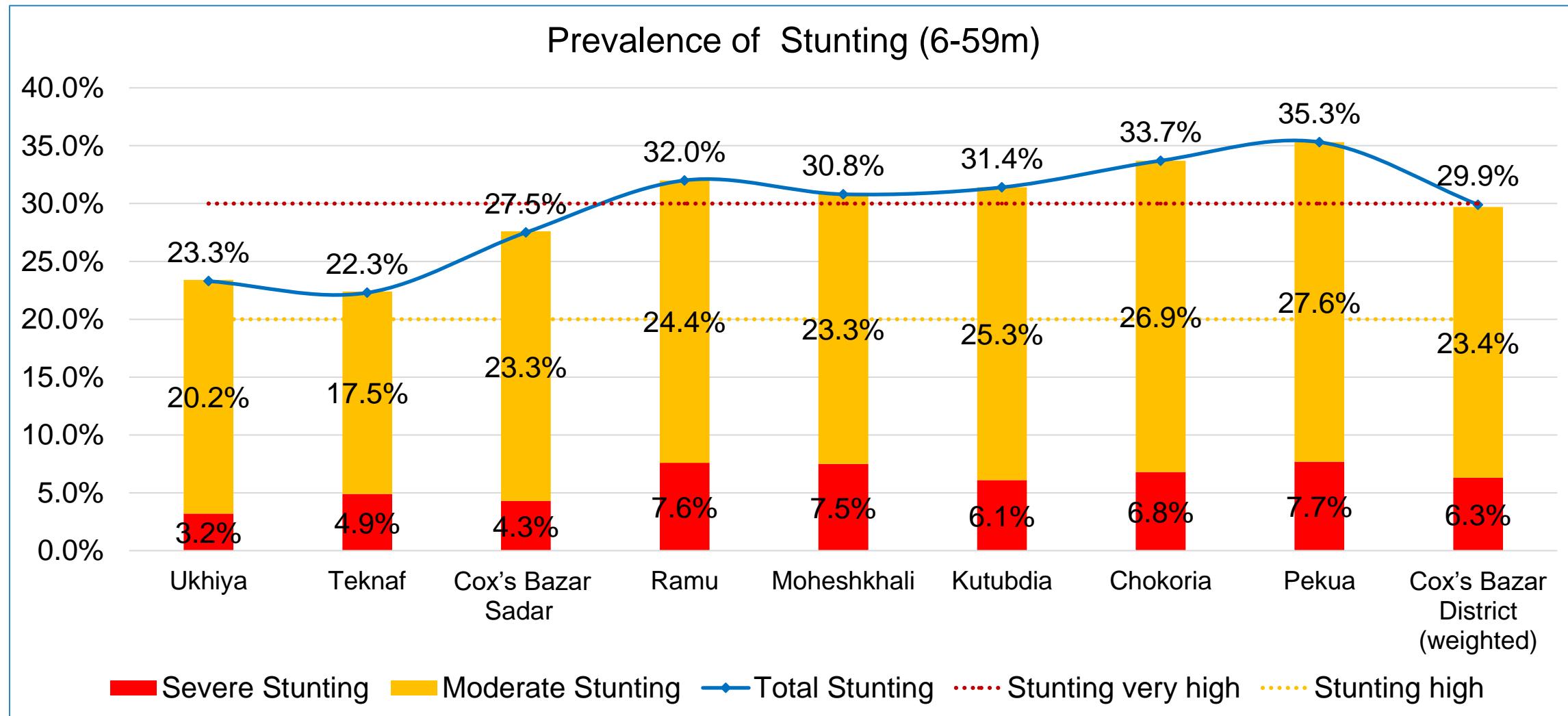
# PREVALENCE OF ACUTE MALNUTRITION BASED ON COMBINED CRITERIA

Upazila	Acute Malnutrition		
	N	Global Acute Malnutrition (cGAM)	Severe Acute Malnutrition (cSAM)
		% (95% CI)	% (95% CI)
Teknaf	417	<b>12.9 ( 9.6 - 17.2 )</b>	2.2 ( 1.0 - 4.5 )
Cox's Bazar Sadar	452	<b>11.7 ( 8.7 - 15.5 )</b>	1.1 ( 0.5 - 2.6 )
Pekua	378	<b>11.6 ( 8.7 - 15.5 )</b>	1.6 ( 0.7 - 3.4 )
Moheshkhali	386	<b>11.1 ( 8.2 - 14.9 )</b>	1.0 ( 0.4 - 2.7 )
Ukhiya	508	<b>11.0 ( 8.2 - 14.6 )</b>	1.0 ( 0.4 - 2.7 )
Ramu	548	<b>10.0 ( 8.1 - 13.2 )</b>	1.1 ( 0.5 - 2.3 )
Chokoria	546	<b>8.6 ( 6.6 - 11.2 )</b>	0.9 ( 0.4 - 2.1 )
Kutubdia	459	<b>8.1 ( 6.0 - 10.7 )</b>	0.2 ( 0.0 - 1.6 )
<b>Cox's Bazar District (Weighted)</b>		<b>10.8 ( 9.6-11.9 )</b>	1.2 ( 0.9-1.6 )

# PREVALENCE OF UNDERWEIGHT BASED ON WEIGHT -FOR-AGE Z-SCORES

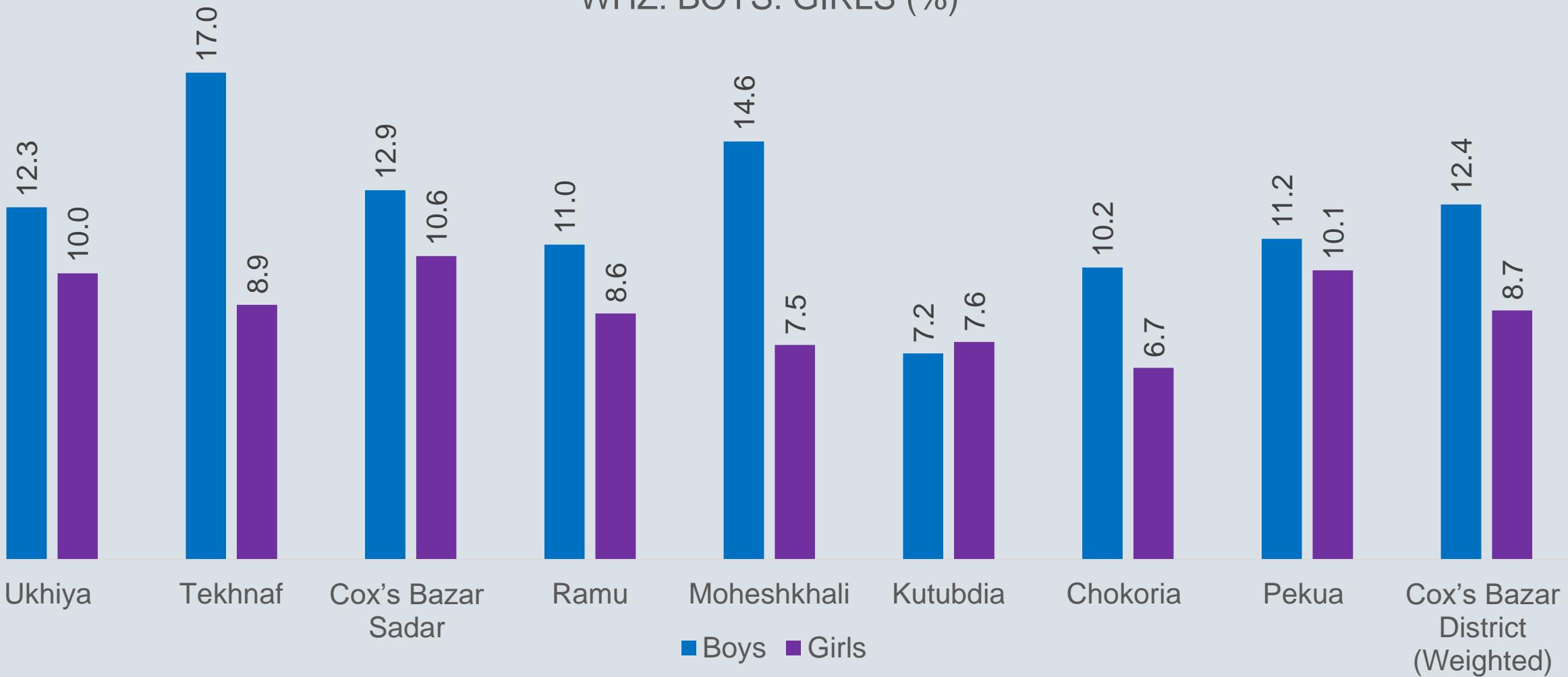


# PREVALENCE OF STUNTING BASED ON HEIGHT-FOR-AGE Z-SCORES



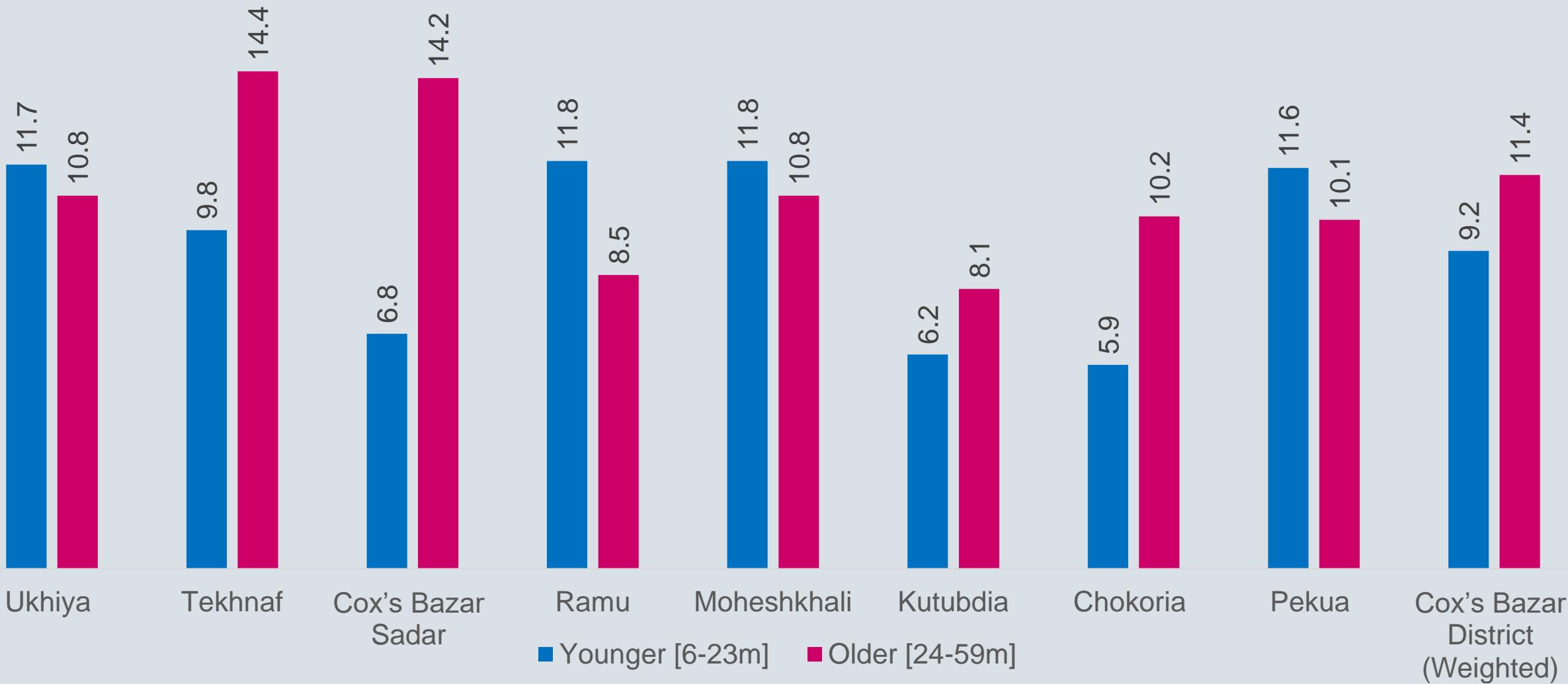
# GAM PREVALENCE (BASED ON Z SCORE): BOYS VS GIRLS

WHZ: BOYS: GIRLS (%)



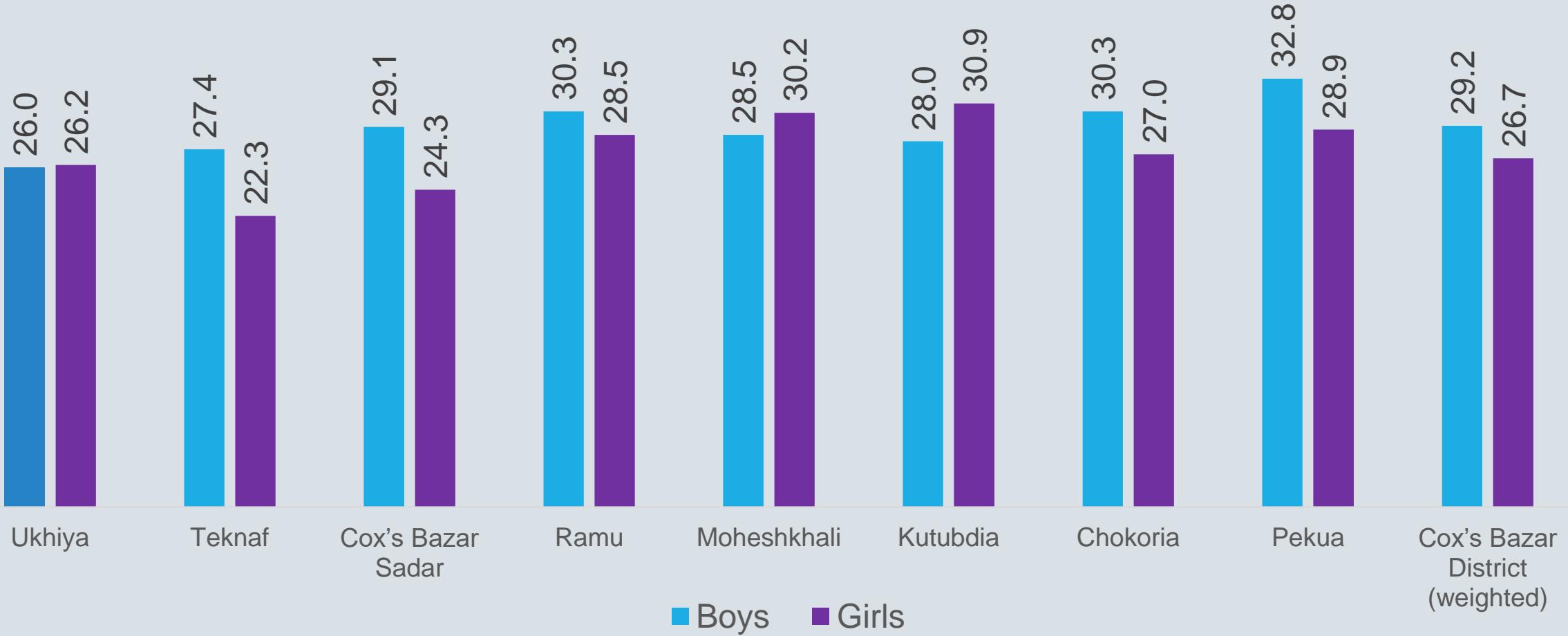
# GAM PREVALENCE (BASED ON Z SCORE): YOUNGER VS OLDER CHILD

WHZ: YOUNGER vs OLDER CHILD (%)



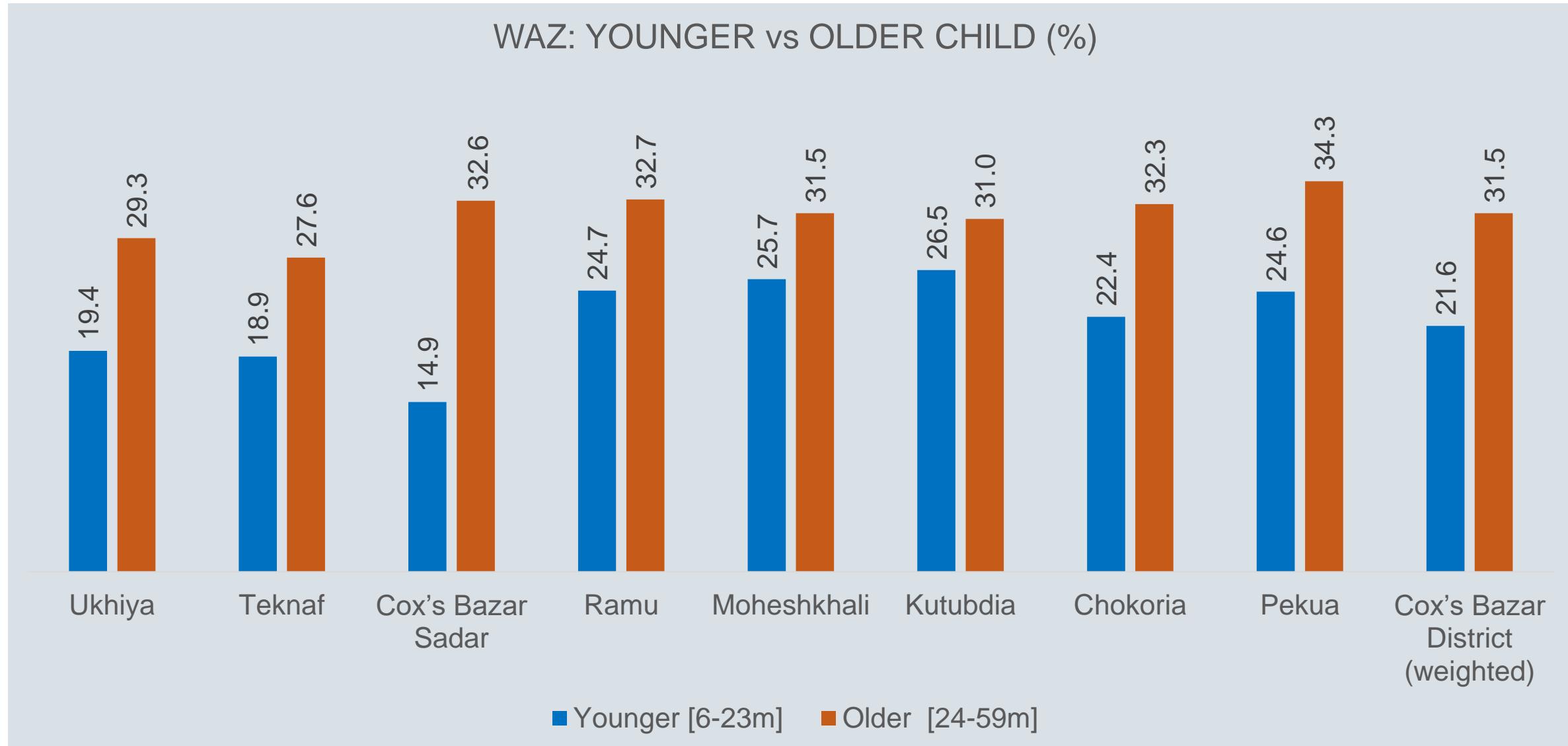
# UNDERWEIGHT PREVALENCE : BOYS VS GIRLS

WAZ: BOYS vs GIRLS (%)



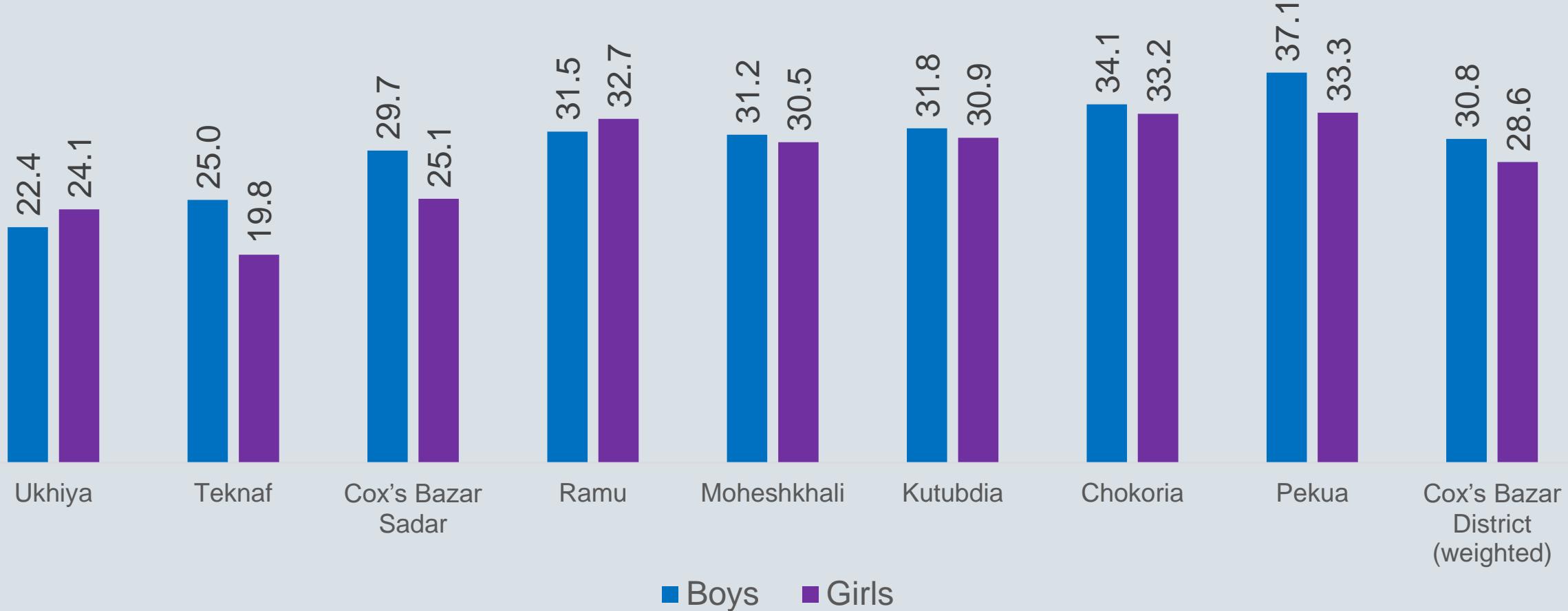
# UNDERWEIGHT PREVALENCE : YOUNGER VS OLDER CHILD

WAZ: YOUNGER vs OLDER CHILD (%)

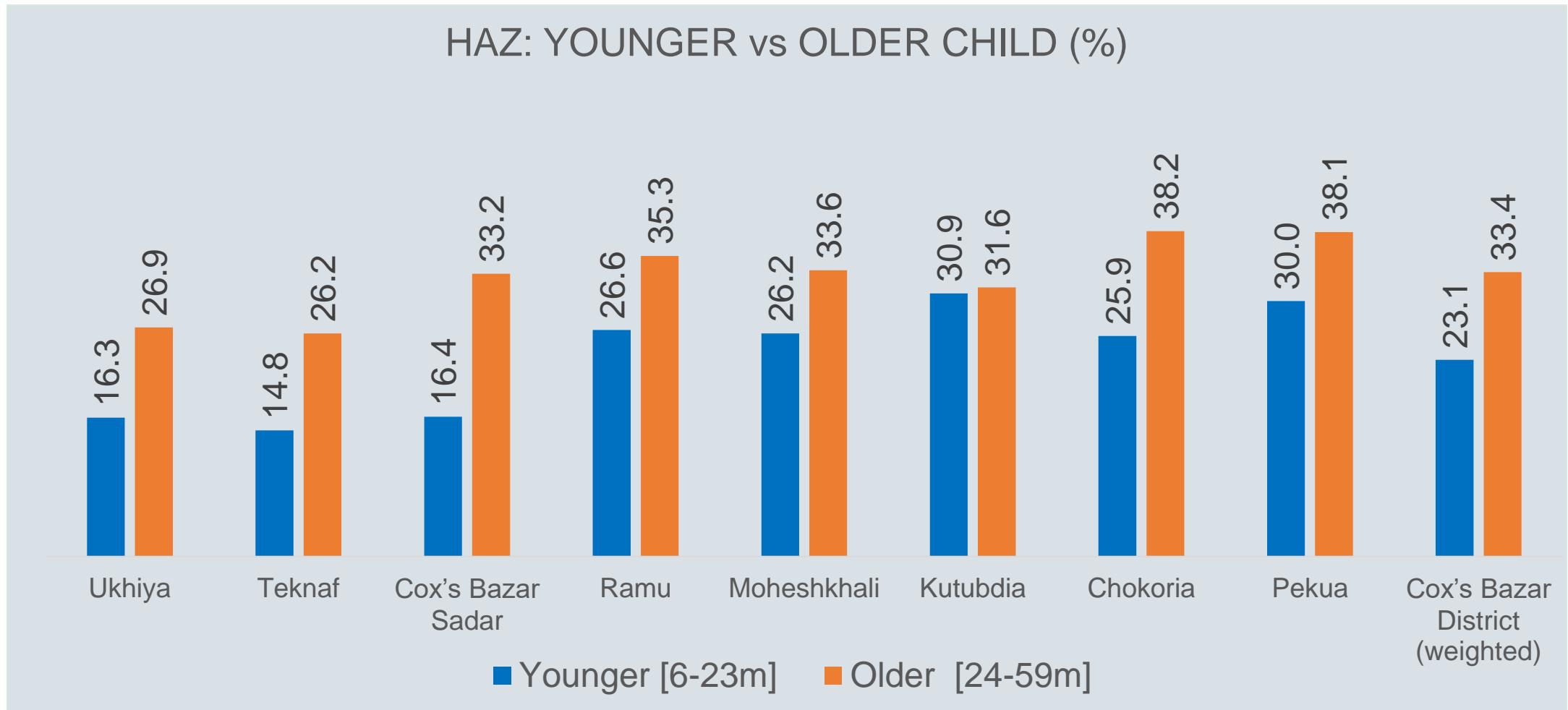


# STUNTING PREVALENCE: BOYS VS GIRLS

HAZ: BOYS vs GIRL (%)

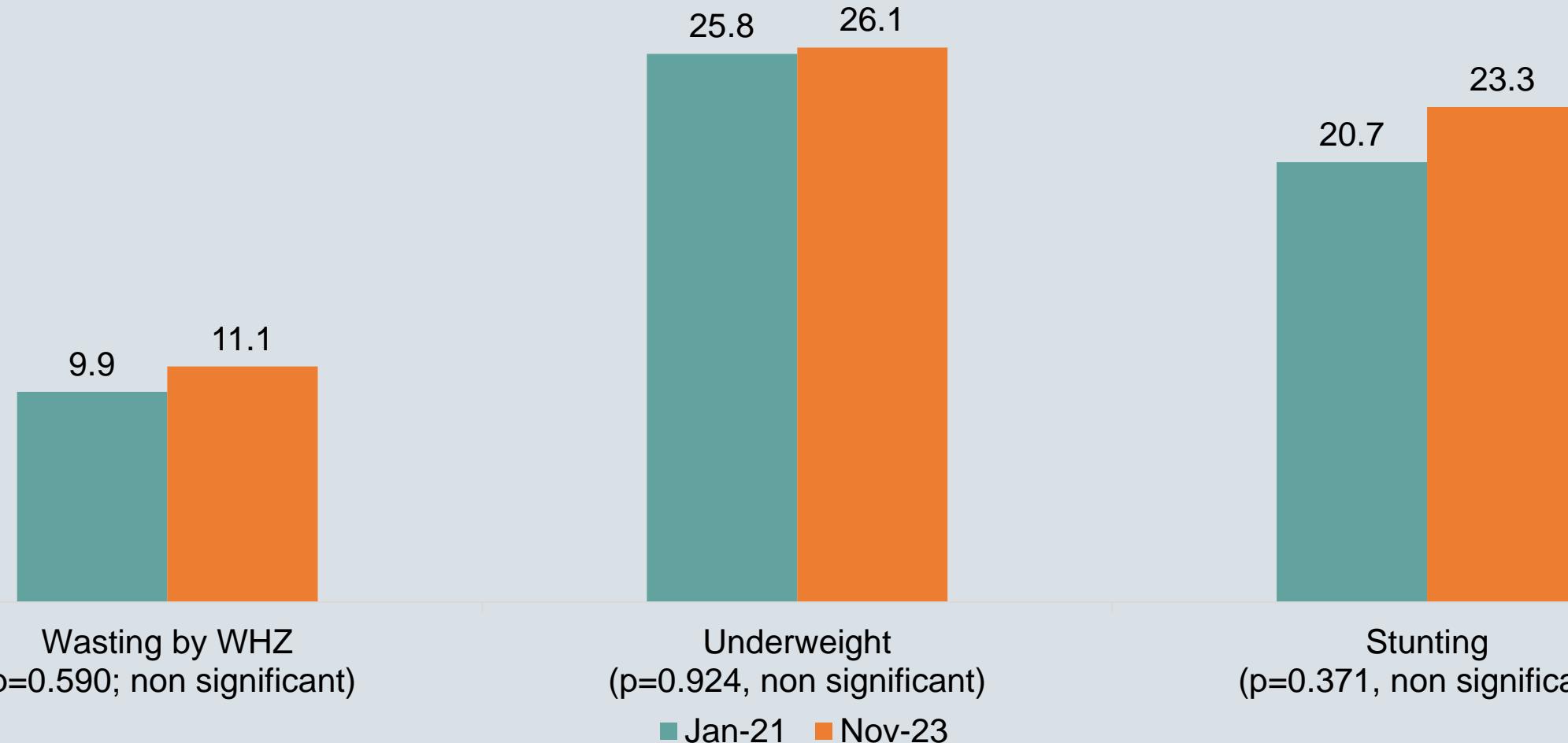


# STUNTING PREVALENCE: BOYS VS GIRLS/YOUNGER VS OLDER CHILD



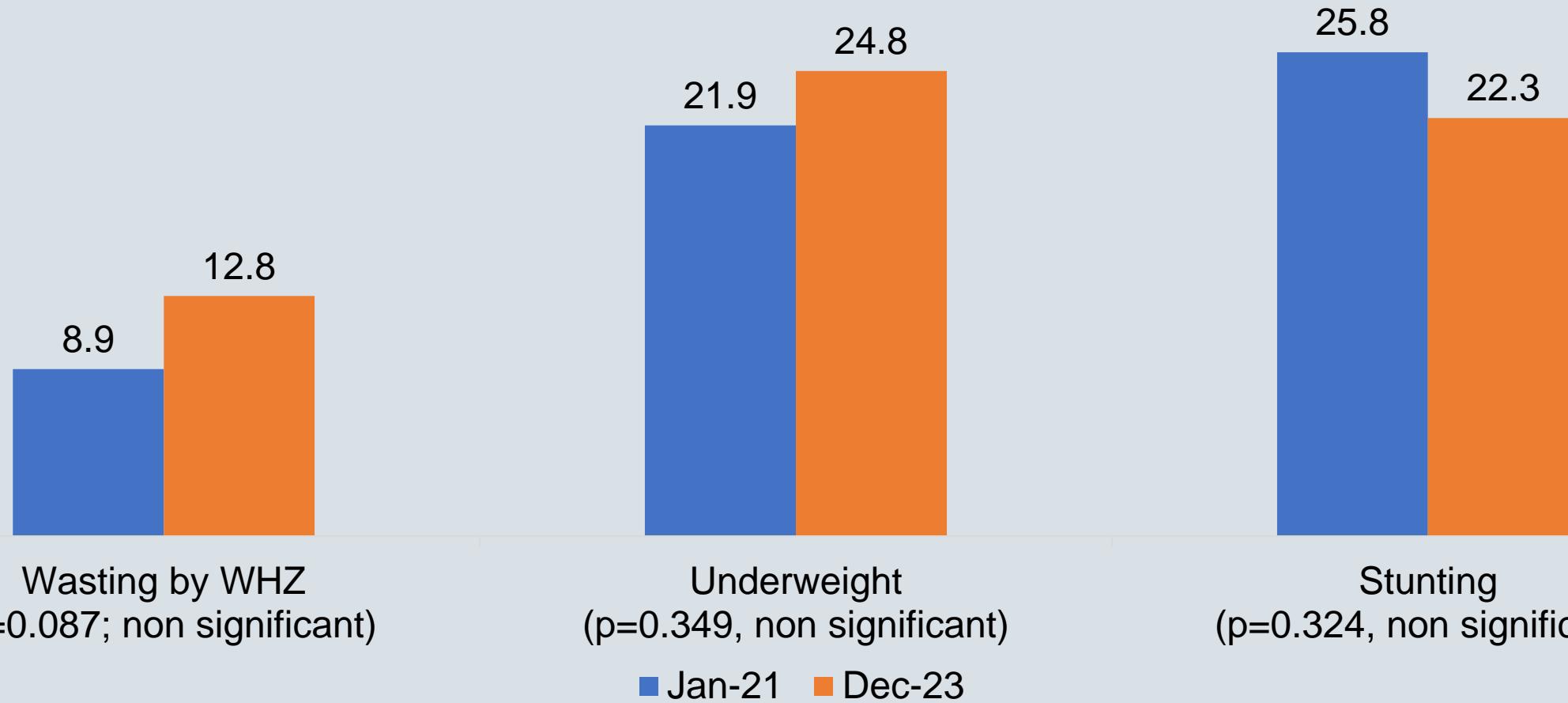
# TREND OF UNDERNUTRITION AMONG CHILDREN 6-59M IN UKHIYA (2021 VS 2023)

## UKHIYA SMART SURVEY 2021 VS 2023 (%)



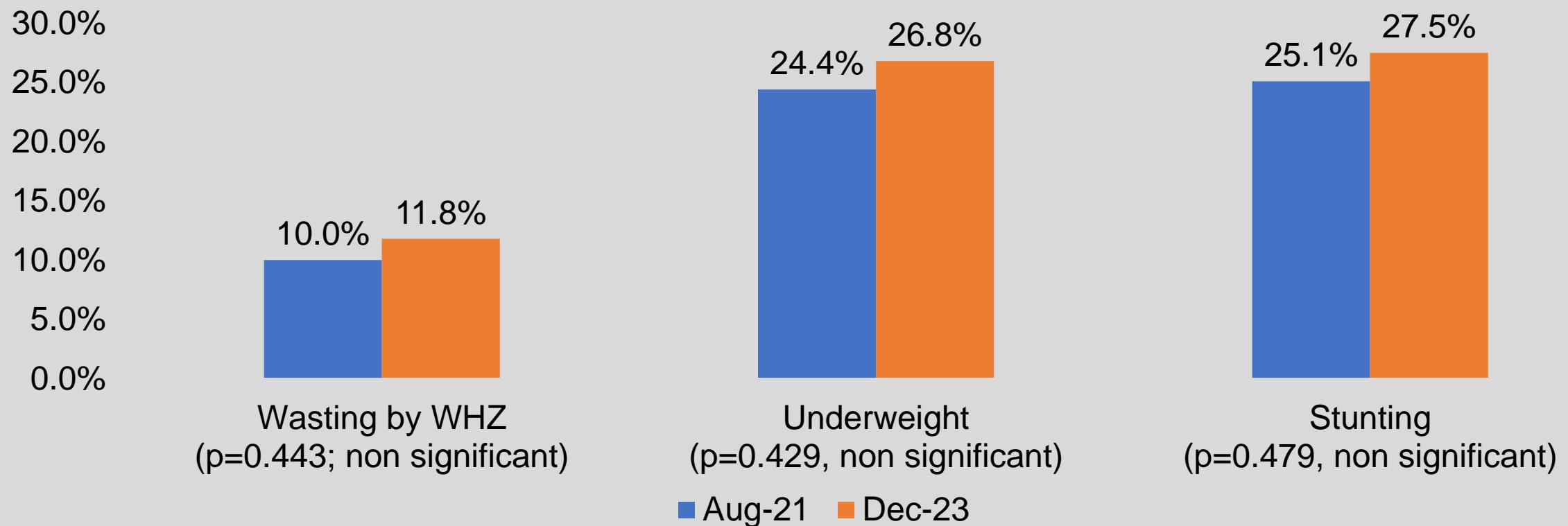
# TREND OF UNDERNUTRITION AMONG CHILDREN 6-59M IN TEKNAF (2021 VS 2023)

## TEKNAF SMART SURVEY 2021 VS 2023 (%)



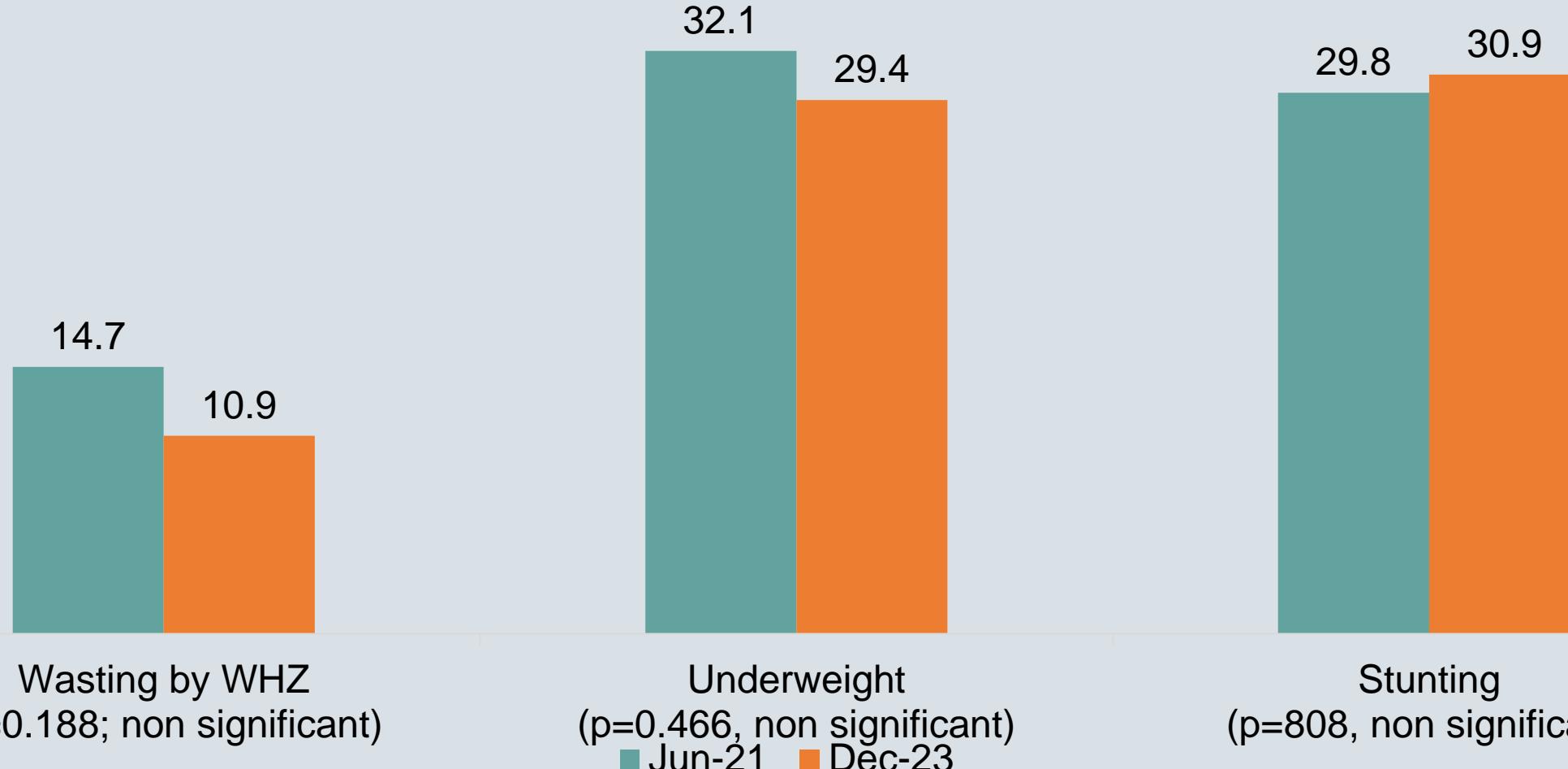
# TREND OF UNDERNUTRITION AMONG CHILDREN 6-59M IN COX'S BAZAR SADAR (2021 VS 2023)

## Trends of Undernutrition among Children aged 6-59 months in Cox's Bazar Sadar Upazila



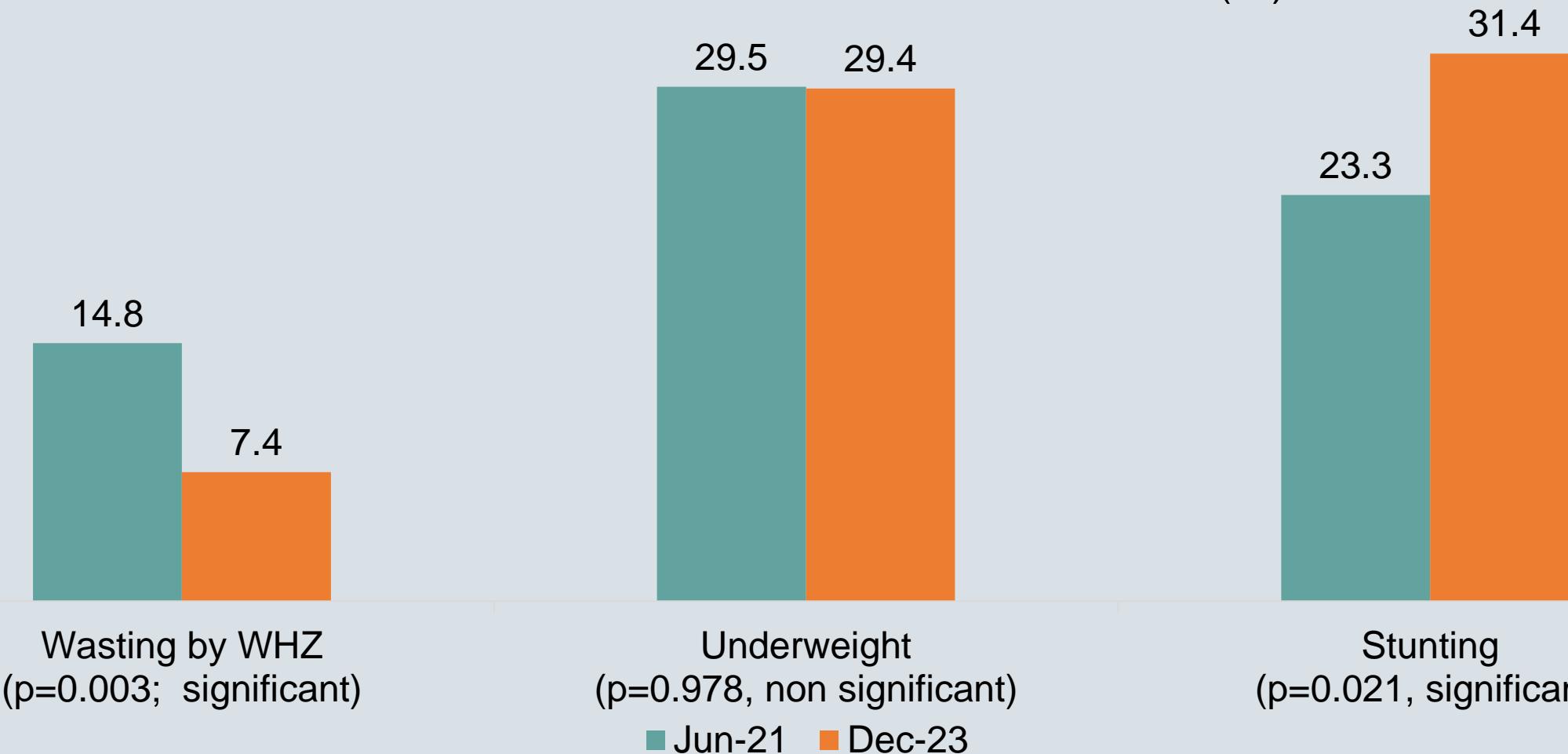
# TREND OF UNDERNUTRITION AMONG CHILDREN 6-59M MOHESKHALI (2021 VS 2023)

## MOHESKHALI SMART SURVEY 2021 VS 2023 (%)



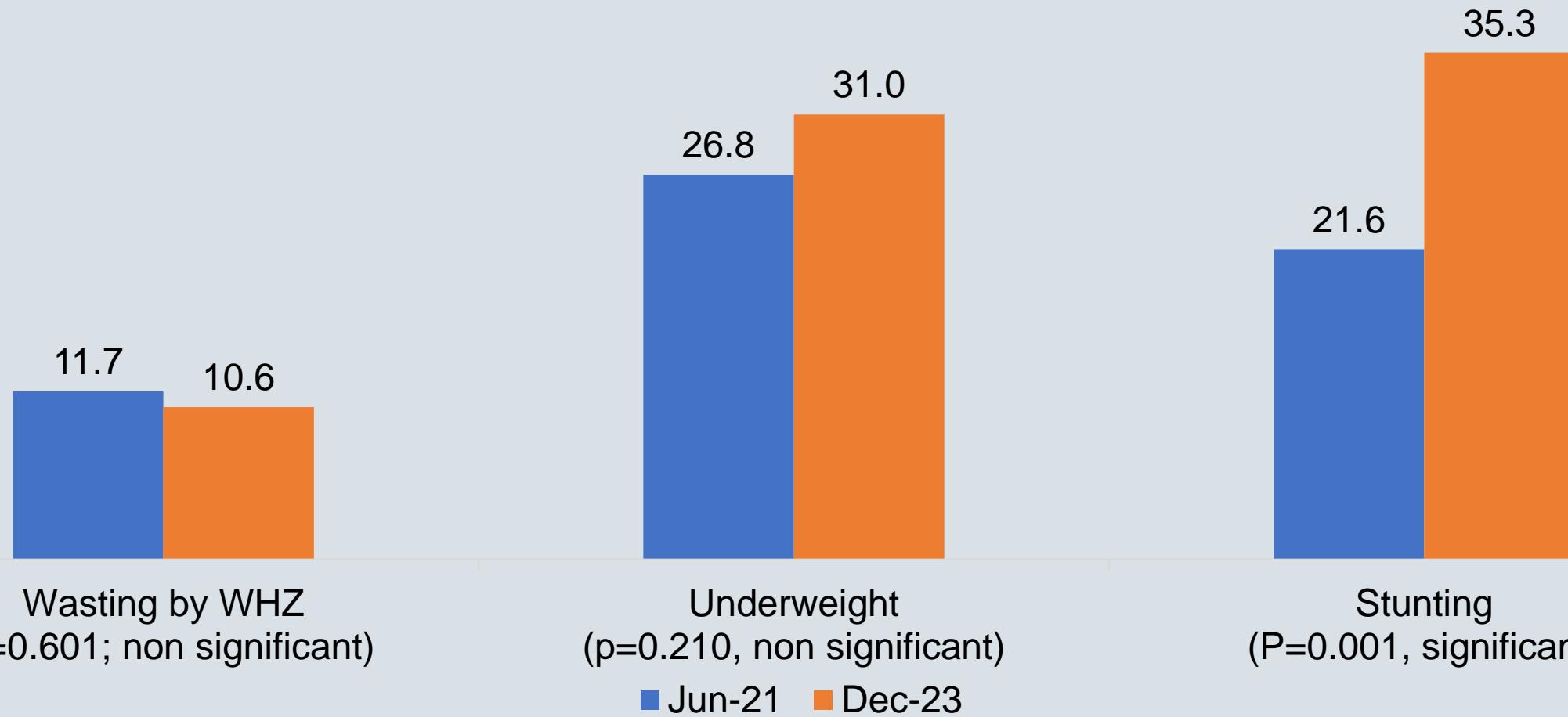
# TREND OF UNDERNUTRITION AMONG CHILDREN 6-59M KUTUBDIA (2021 VS 2023)

KUTUBDIA SMART SURVEY 2021 VS 2023 (%)

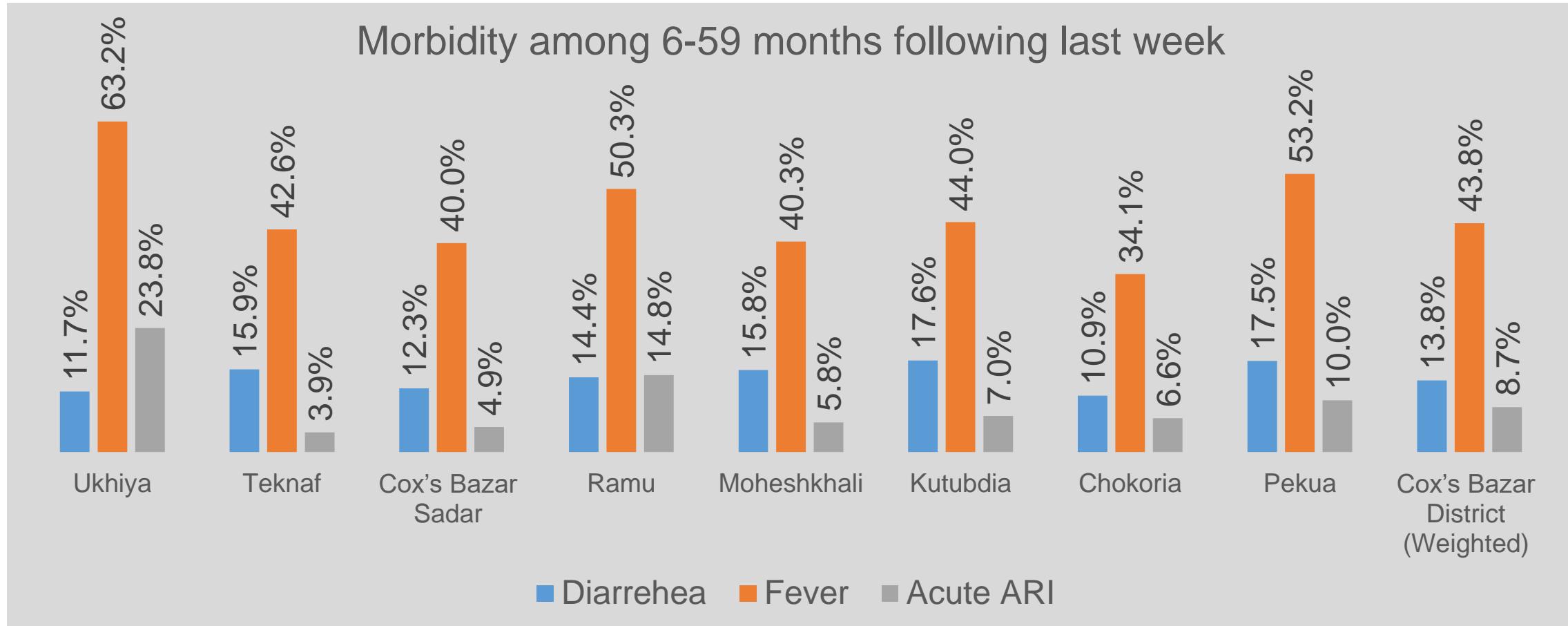


# TREND OF UNDERNUTRITION AMONG CHILDREN 6-59M PEKUA (2021 VS 2023)

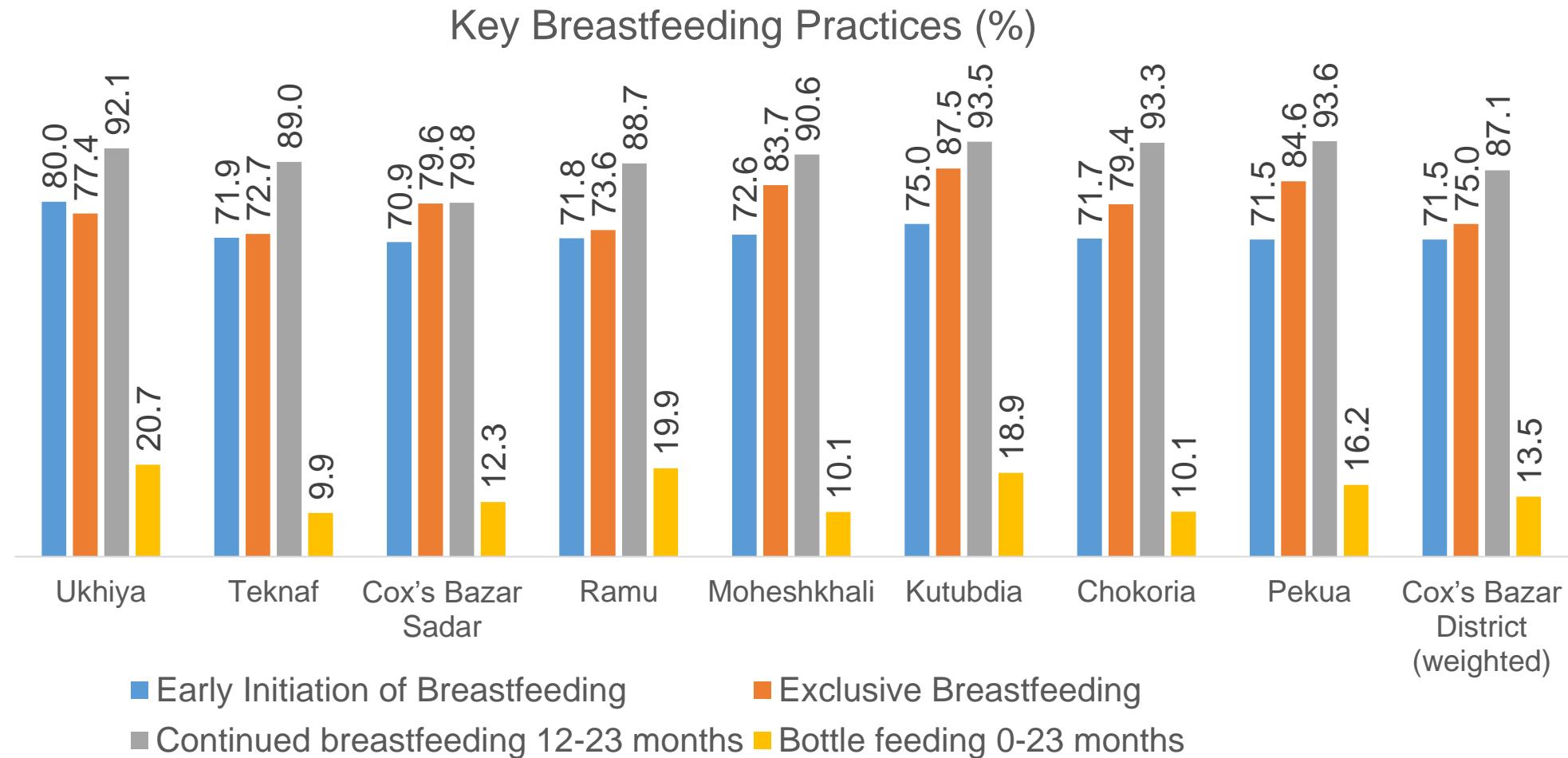
PEKUA SMART SURVEY 2021 VS 2023 (%)



# MORBIDITY PREVALENCE AMONG CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS

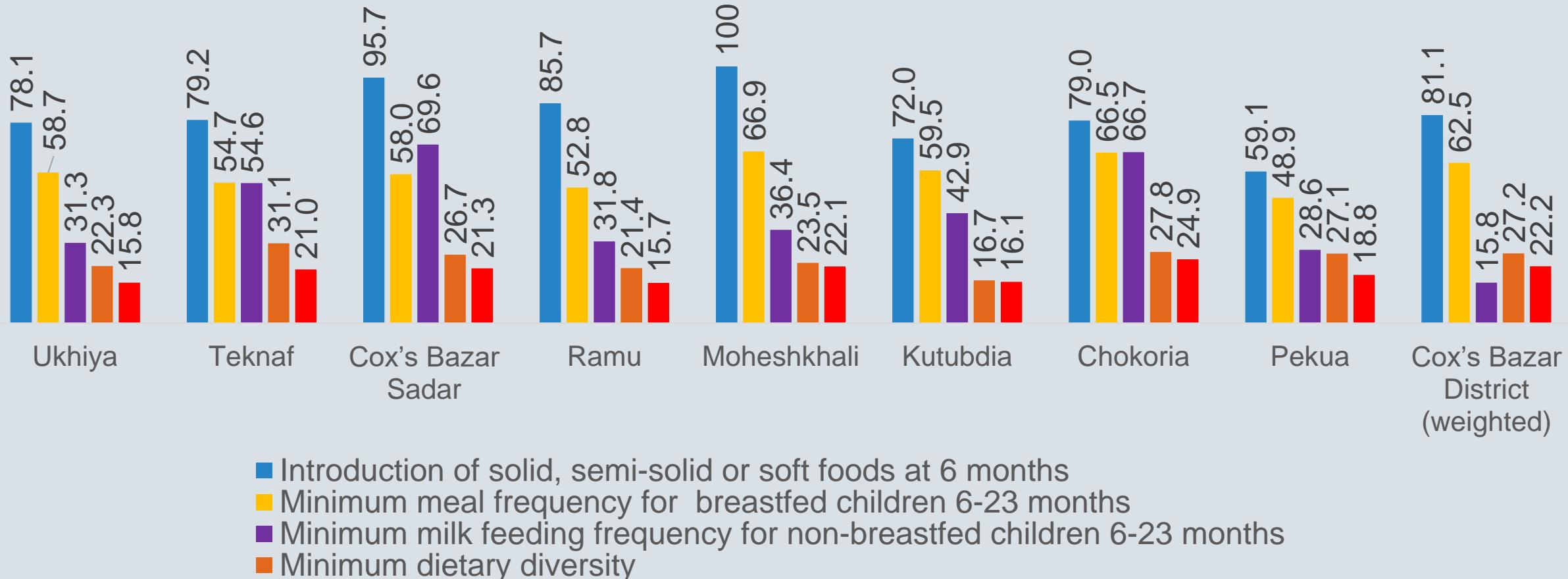


# INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING (IYCF) PRACTICES:

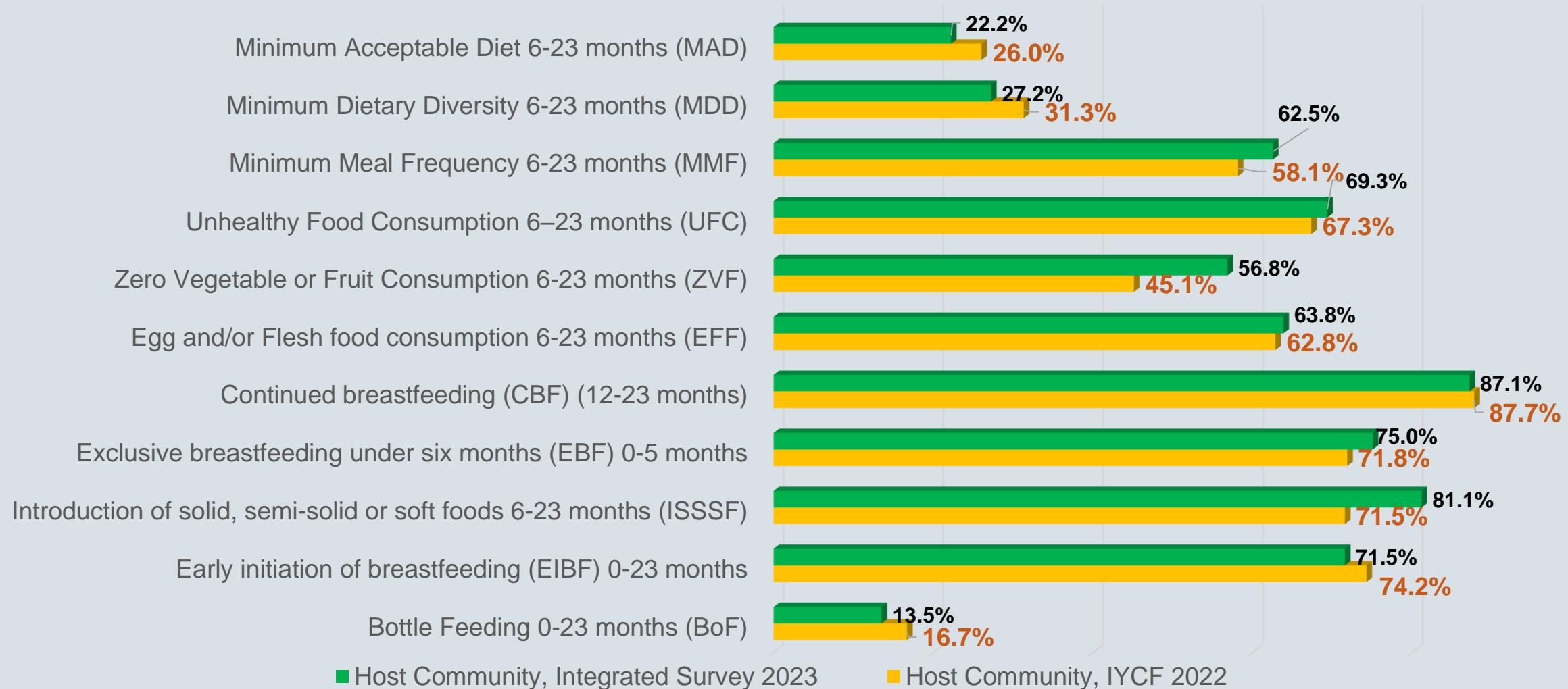


# INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING (IYCF) PRACTICES:

## Key Complimentary Feeding Practices (%)



# IYCF KEY FINDINGS IYCF ASSESSMENT 2022 VS SMART 2023



# DIETARY DIVERSITY AND CONSUMPTION OF VARIOUS FOOD GROUP BY CHILDREN 6-23 MONTHS

Upazila	Grains, Roots, Tubers	Pulse, legumes and nuts	Milk and Milk product	Flesh foods	Eggs	Vitamin A rich fruits & vegetables	Other fruits and Vegetables	Minimum Dietary diversity	Minimum Acceptable diet
Ukhiya	89.7%	41.3%	14.7%	50.0%	32.1%	27.2%	33.2%	22.3%	15.8%
Teknaf	91.2%	39.2%	14.2%	58.1%	33.8%	33.1%	24.3%	31.1%	21.0%
Cox's Bazar Sadar	94.0%	46.0%	6.0%	55.3%	31.3%	19.3%	25.3%	26.7%	21.3%
Ramu	89.5%	26.2%	14.8%	45.9%	25.8%	21.0%	30.1%	21.4%	15.7%
Moheshkhali	94.5%	35.9%	11.7%	43.4%	33.8%	29.0%	31.0%	23.5%	22.1%
Kutubdia	90.5%	31.0%	6.5%	39.3%	25.0%	24.4%	24.4%	16.7%	16.1%
Chokoria	90.0%	33.5%	9.6%	48.3%	42.6%	16.7%	33.0%	27.8%	24.9%
Pekua	82.7%	24.8%	14.3%	51.1%	27.8%	15.0%	29.3%	27.1%	18.8%
Cox's Bazar District (weighted)	89.9%	34.7%	11.5%	48.9%	32.8%	23.3%	28.8%	27.2%	22.2%
Severe low			Moderate low			Mild low			Acceptable
0 - <25%			25 - <50%			50- <75%			$\geq 75\%$

# COVERAGE OF MEASLES VACCINATION, VITAMIN A SUPPLEMENTATION AND DEWORMING

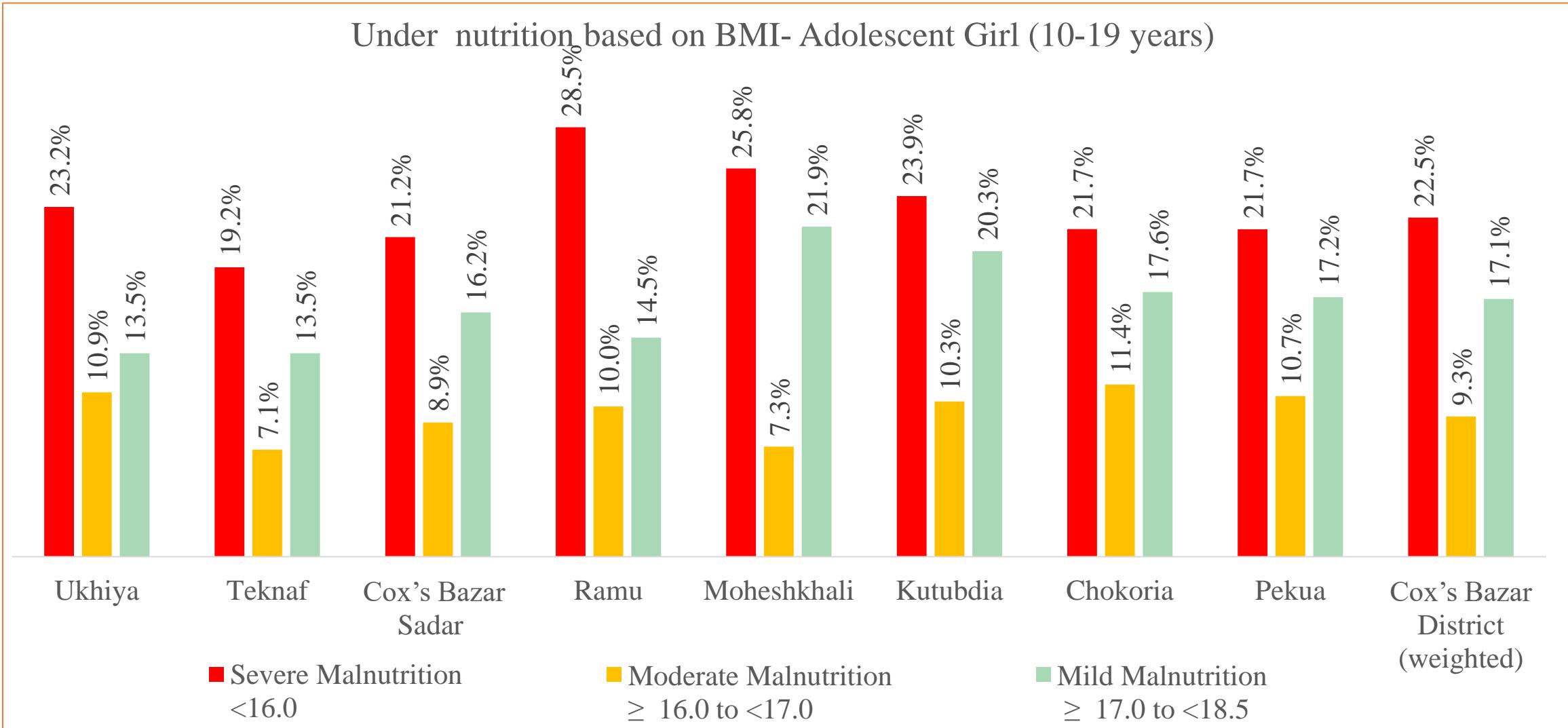
Upazila	Measles vaccination with card or recall (9-59 months)-1st Dose	Measles vaccination with card or recall (9-59 months)-2nd Dose	Vitamin A among children aged 6-59m	Deworming Among children aged 24-59m
Ukhiya	97.0% (91.6 - 99.0)	97.3% (90.1 - 99.3)	80.0% (76.4 - 83.2)	76.8% (72.1 - 81.0)
Teknaf	96.3% (90.5 - 99.1)	81.5% (75.9 - 86.7)	85.2% (79.8 - 89.4)	90.2% (86.3 - 93.0)
Cox's Bazar Sadar	97.5% (92.8 - 99.0)	97.3% (92.0 - 99.7)	90.7% (87.3 - 93.3)	88.2% (83.0 - 92.0)
Ramu	97.2% (91.8 -99.0)	97.3% (92.0 - 99.8)	90.7% (87.3-93.3)	88.2% (83.0-92.0)
Moheshkhali	97.1% (93.2 - 99.0)	94.7% (90.2 - 97.0)	92.5% (87.5 - 95.6)	93.3% (83.7 - 97.4)
Kutubdia	96.2% (90.3 - 99.0)	90.9% (83.0 - 97.1)	82.0% (71.9 - 89.0)	70.1% (64.7-74.9)
Chokoria	98.0% (92.7 - 99.1)	96.3% (88.5 - 99.0)	93.6% (89.4 - 96.2)	76.9% (72.3 - 81.0)
Pekua	96.5% (89.2 - 98.1)	94.8% (82.8 - 97.2)	79.7% (75.4-83.4)	66.4% (60.4 -71.9)
<b>Cox's Bazar District (Weighted)</b>	<b>97.3% (96.6-97.9)</b>	<b>95.6% (94.7-96.6)</b>	<b>85.8% (84.4-87.3)</b>	<b>82.2% (79.7-84.7)</b>

# **Key Results**

## **Adolescent Girls (10-19 years)**

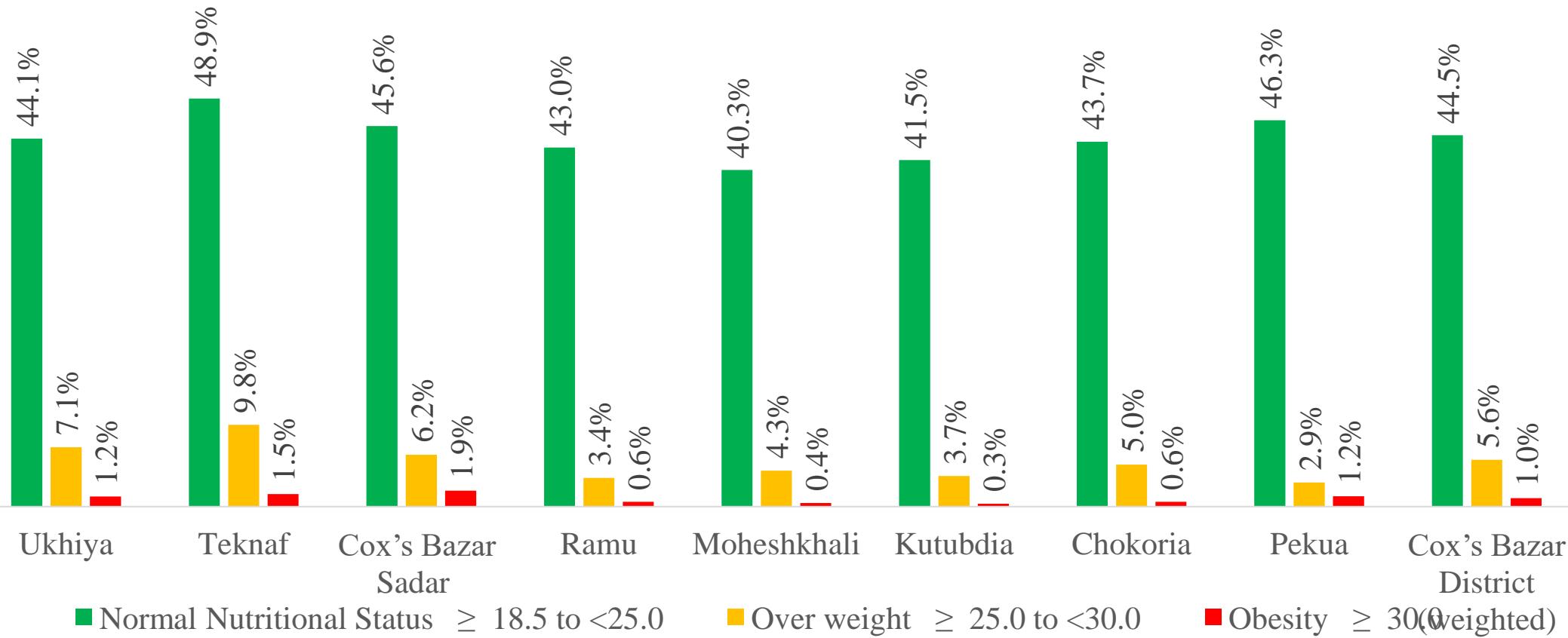
# SEVERITY OF UNDERNUTRITION AMONG ADOLESCENT GIRL BY USING BMI WHO RANGE

Under nutrition based on BMI- Adolescent Girl (10-19 years)



# OVERALL NUTRITIONAL STATUS AMONG ADOLESCENT GIRL BY USING BMI WHO RANGE

## Over Nutritional Status Adolescent Girl (10-19 Years )



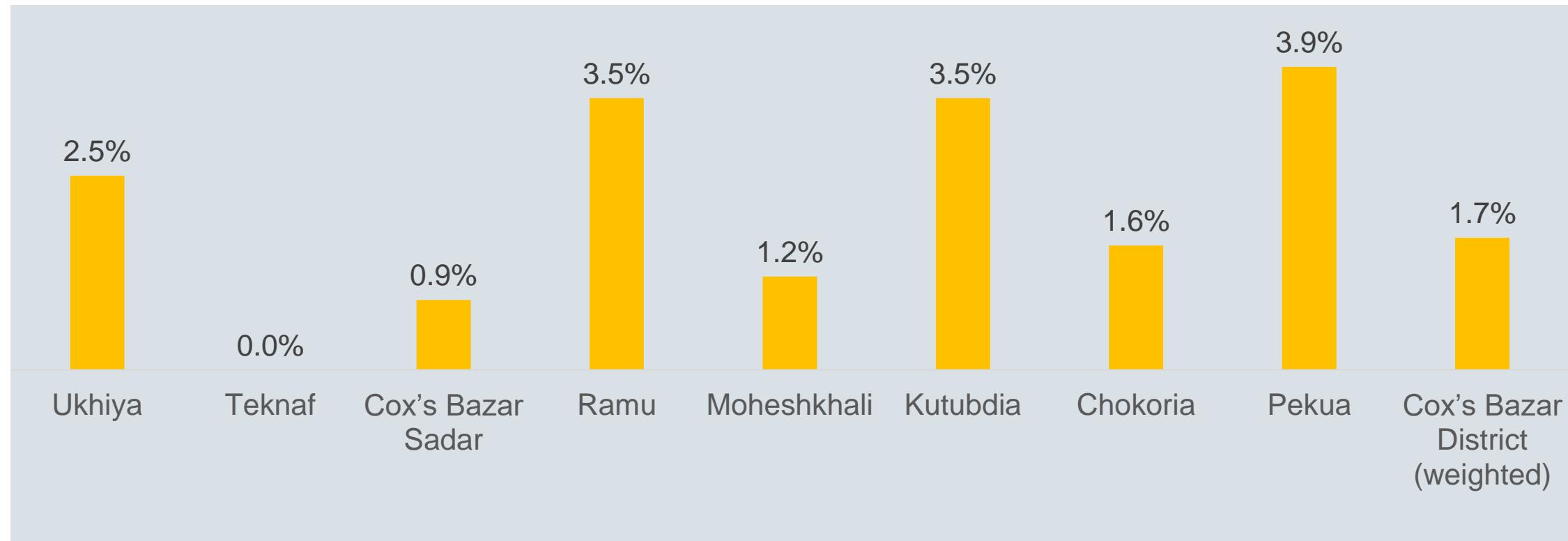
# IFA CONSUMPTION AMONG ADOLESCENT GIRL FOLLOWING LAST WEEK

Upazila	N	IFA Consumption (at least Once in a week)	No IFA Consumption
Ukhiya	344	11.6%	88.4%
Teknaf	266	23.4%	76.7%
Cox's Bazar Sadar	249	18.9%	81.1%
Ramu	354	16.9%	83.1%
Moheshkhali	238	28.1%	71.8%
Kutubdia	246	14.6%	85.4%
Chokoria	361	11.3%	88.6%
Pekua	247	7.7%	92.3%
<b>Cox's Bazar District (weighted)</b>		10.7%	89.3%

# **Key Results**

## **Pregnant and Lactating women**

# ACUTE MALNUTRITION AMONG PREGNANT AND LACTATING WITH CHILDREN <6 MONTHS [MUAC < 210 MM]

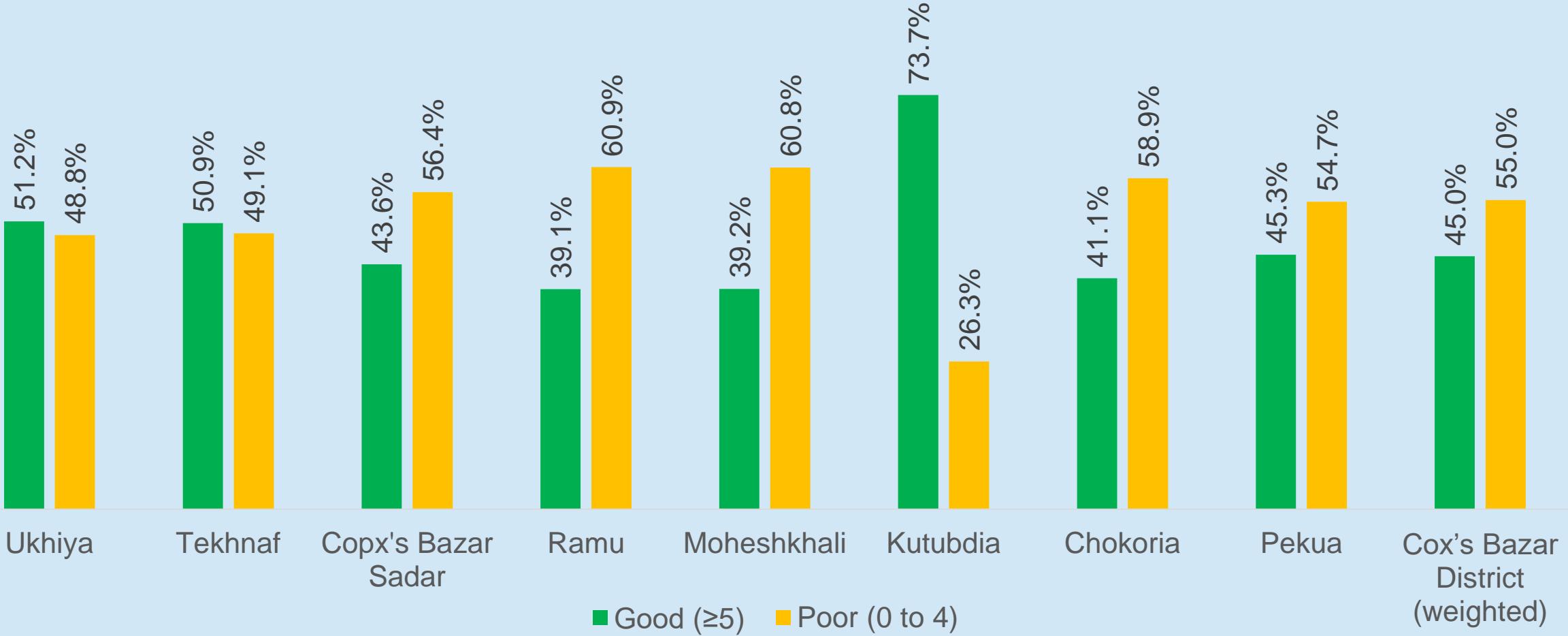


The reported GAM rate of 0% for Teknaf may be due to a potentially small sample size. For more accurate planning and resource allocation, consider using data from the nearest comparable area, such as Ukhia, or the overall district data.

# IFA CONSUMPTION AMONG PREGNANT WOMEN FOLLOWING LAST WEEK

Upazila	N	Daily IFA Consumption	< 7 days IFA Consumption	No IFA Consumption
Ukhiya	68	60.3%	22.20%	17.6%
Teknaf	51	41.2%	31.40%	27.5%
Cox's Bazar Sadar	58	56.9%	13.60%	29.3%
Ramu	76	47.4%	18.40%	34.2%
Moheshkhali	41	63.4%	12.20%	24.4%
Kutubdia	56	53.6%	21.50%	25.0%
Chokoria	67	55.2%	18.00%	26.9%
Pekua	46	47.8%	28.20%	23.9%
<b>Cox's Bazar District (weighted)</b>		<b>58.3</b>	<b>20.9</b>	<b>20.8</b>

# MINIMUM DIETARY DIVERSITY AMONG WOMEN REPRODUCTIVE AGE (15-49 YEARS)



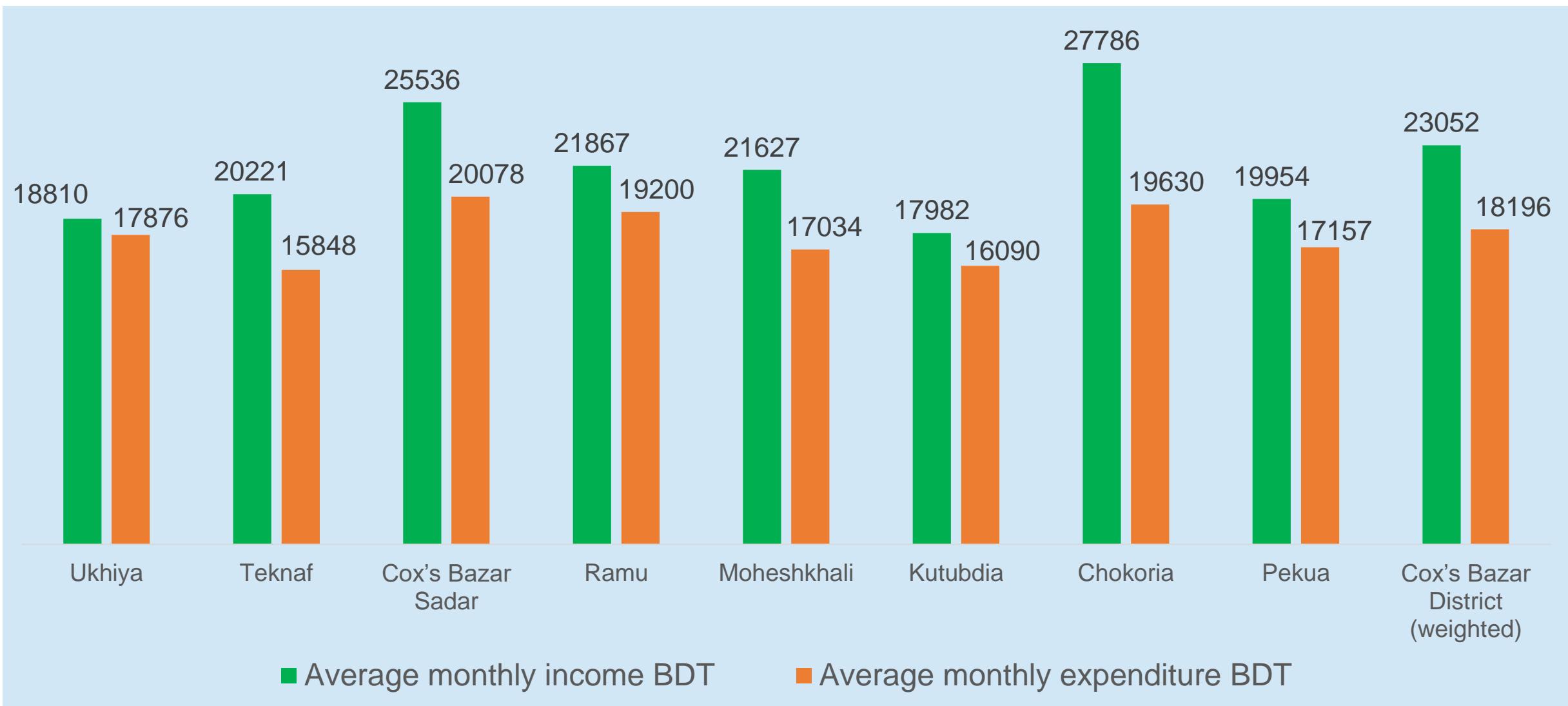
# DIETARY PATTERNS AMONG WOMEN OF REPRODUCTIVE AGE (15-49 YEARS)

Upazila	Grains, white roots and tuber	Pulses (Beans, peas and lentils)	Nuts and Seeds	Milk and Milk Product	Meat, poultry and fish	Eggs	Dark Green Leafy Vegetables	Vitamin A Rich Fruits and Vegetables	Other vegetables	Other fruits
Ukhiya	98.4%	44.0%	12.8%	14.1%	92.2%	19.3%	57.3%	17.6%	7.9%	28.2%
Teknaf	99.1%	43.4%	13.3%	8.3%	95.6%	28.4%	57.5%	20.2%	11.5%	36.7%
Cox's Bazar Sadar	99.4%	44.0%	11.3%	9.7%	93.7%	33.1%	44.4%	14.3%	0.1%	26.4%
Ramu	99.3%	40.9%	7.9%	12.6%	94.3%	23.4%	44.4%	9.1%	83.6%	23.9%
Moheshkhali	99.5%	44.4%	8.2%	4.5%	92.3%	24.5%	42.3%	6.2%	11.7%	16.8%
Kutubdia	98.8%	37.3%	8.6%	8.7%	95.5%	21.0%	54.3%	6.4%	93.3%	16.5%
Chokoria	99.4%	43.0%	11.8%	6.7%	92.5%	29.2%	37.9%	7.8%	88.4%	20.7%
Pekua	98.6%	41.3%	6.4%	12.2%	94.9%	19.2%	52.8%	4.5%	90.9%	0.0%
Cox's Bazar District (weighted)	99.2%	42.9%	10.4%	9.1%	93.6%	26.5%	46.6%	14.9%	84.5%	24.1%

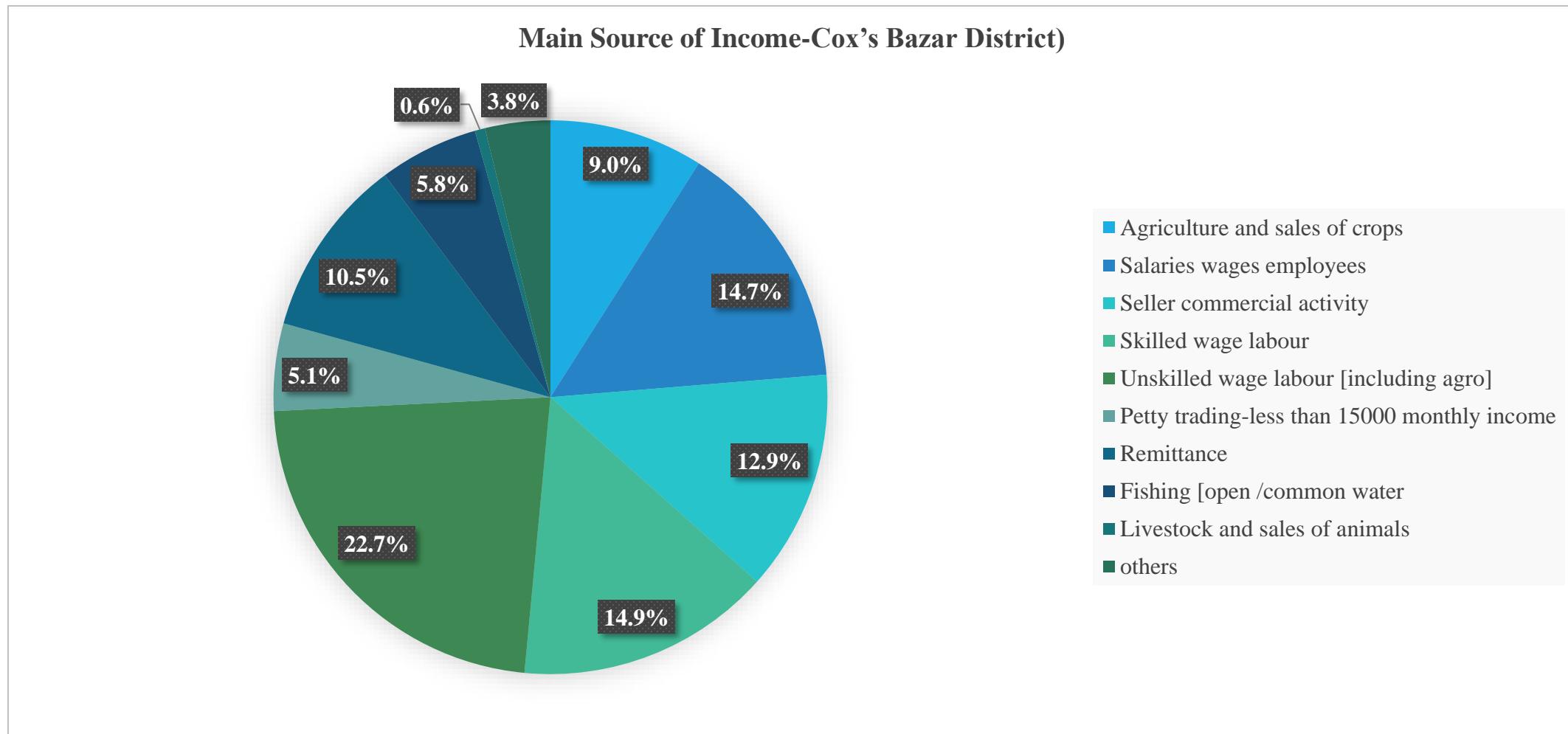
Severe low	Moderate low	Mild low	Acceptable
0 - <25%	25 - <50%	50- <75%	≥75%

# **Key Findings Results Livelihood, Food Security and WASH**

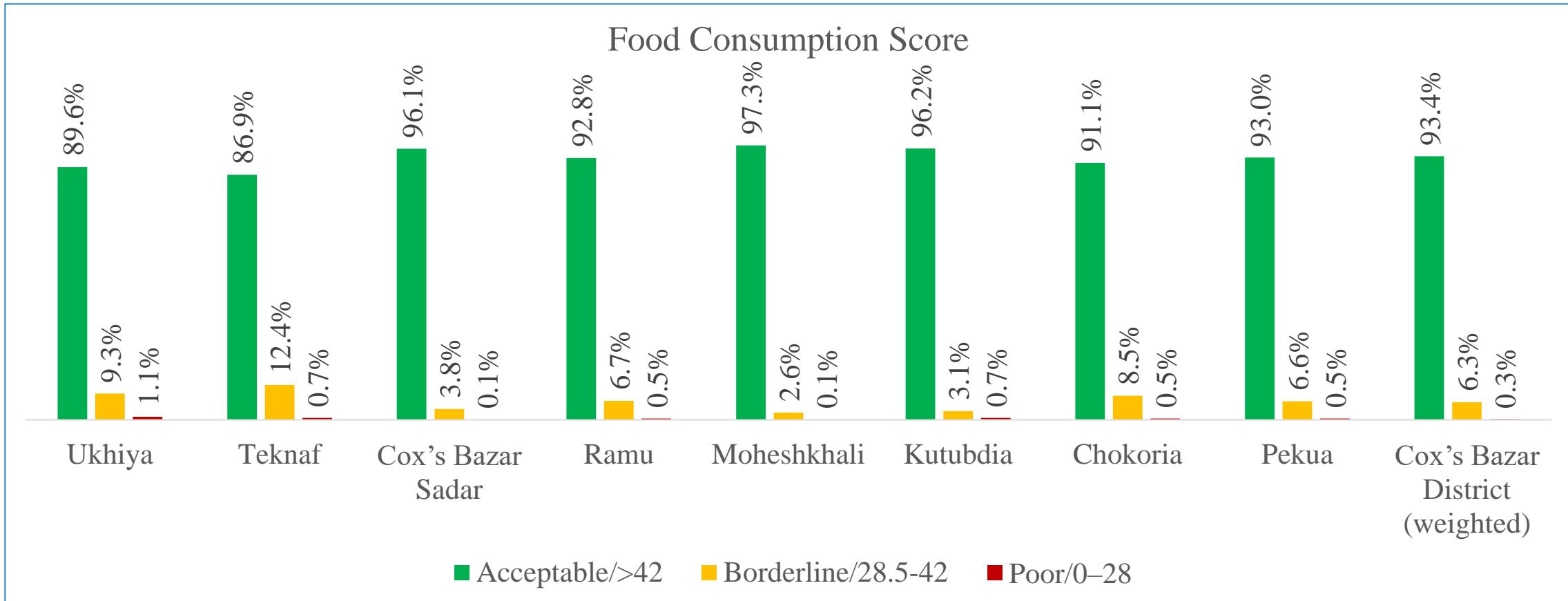
# HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND EXPENDITURE [BDT]



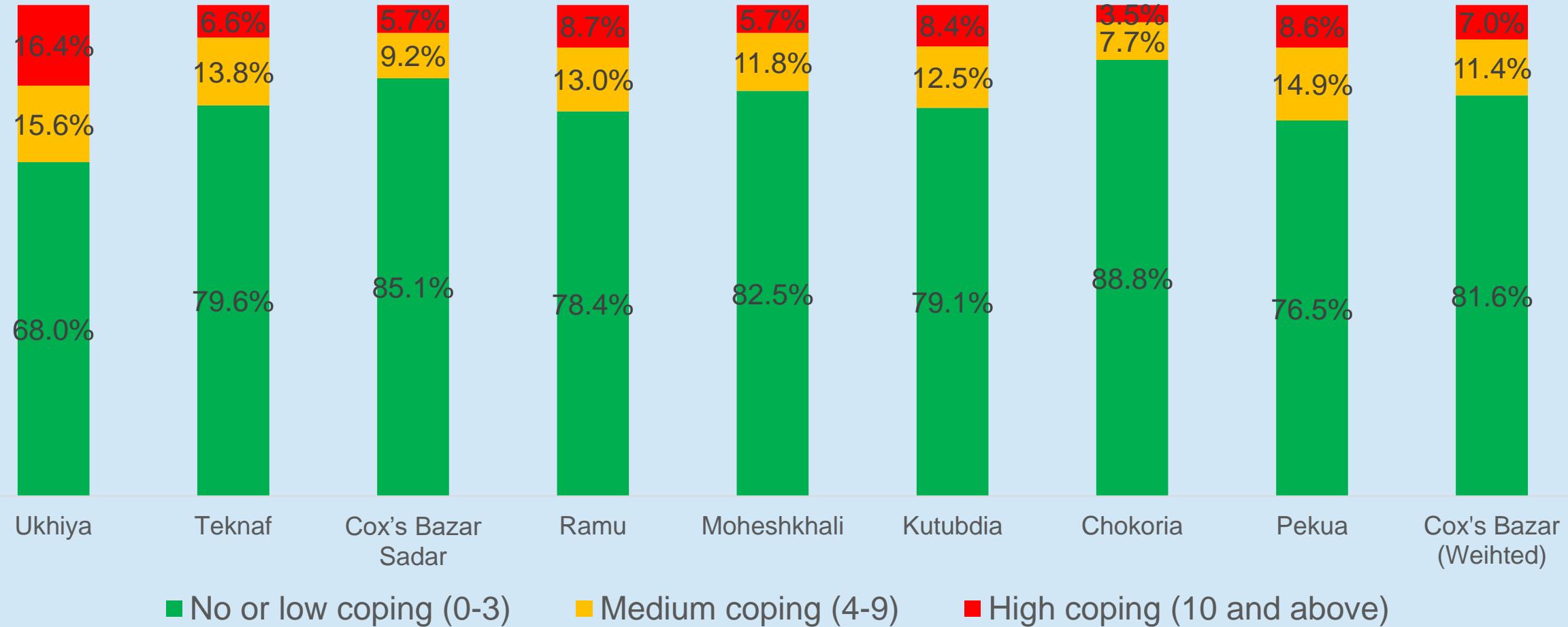
# OVERALL MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME FOR THE HOUSEHOLD



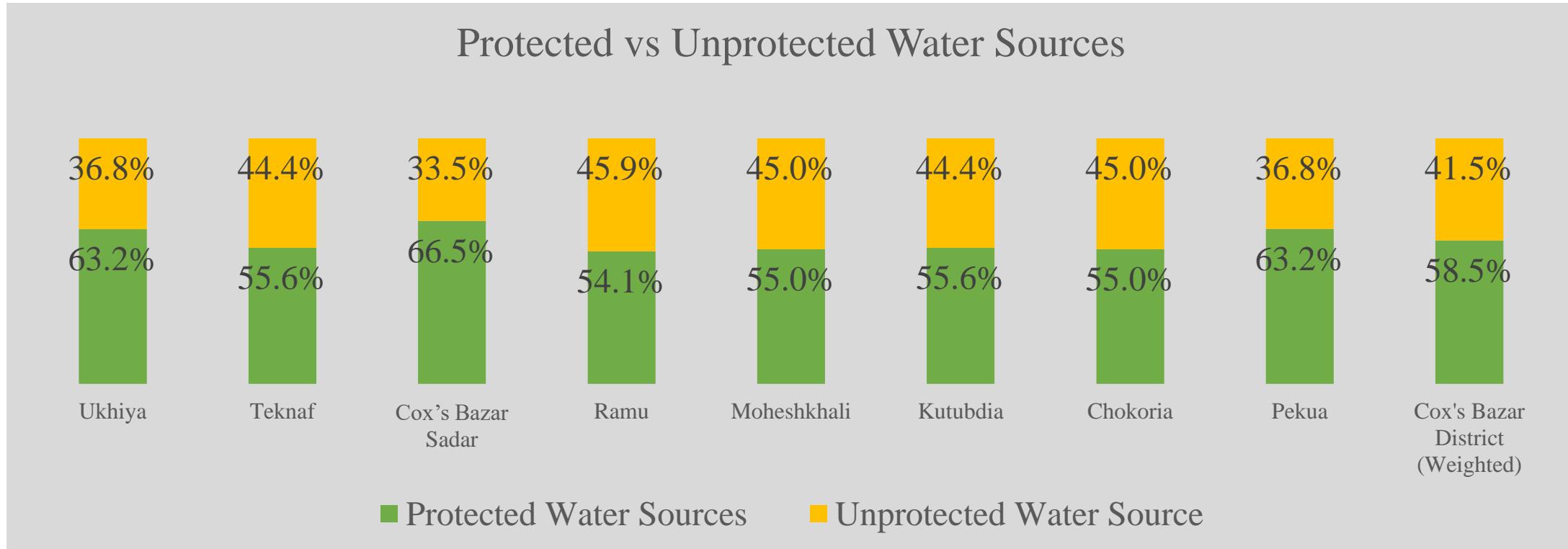
# HOUSEHOLD FOOD SECURITY STATUS (FOOD CONSUMPTION SCORE)



# HOUSEHOLD FOOD BASED REDUCED COPING STRATEGY (RCSI)



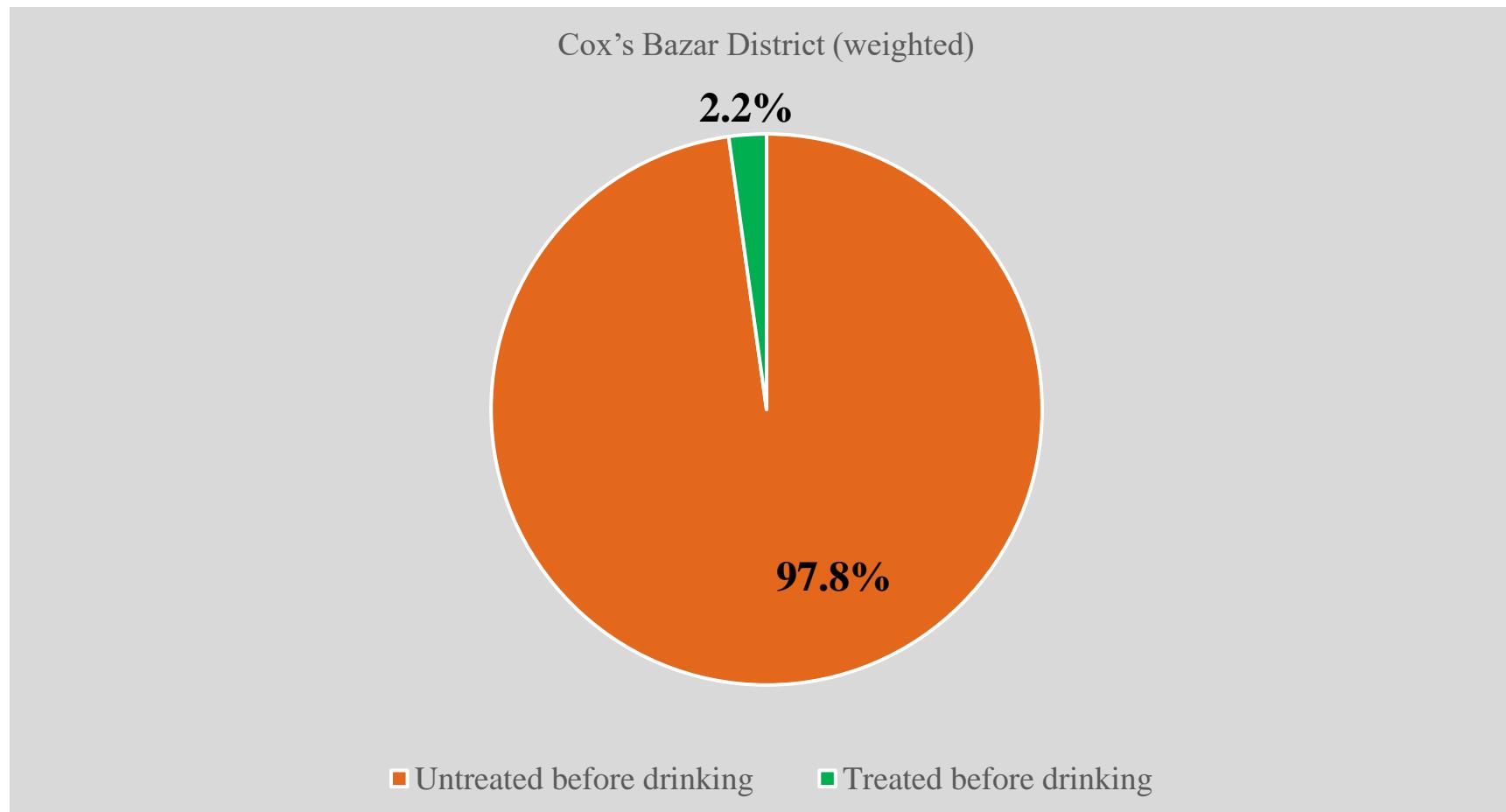
# MAIN SOURCE OF DRINKING WATER



**\*Protected Water Sources:** These include deep or shallow tubewells with platforms and proper drainage, protected wells, piped water systems, and rainwater collection systems. (DPHE Definition)

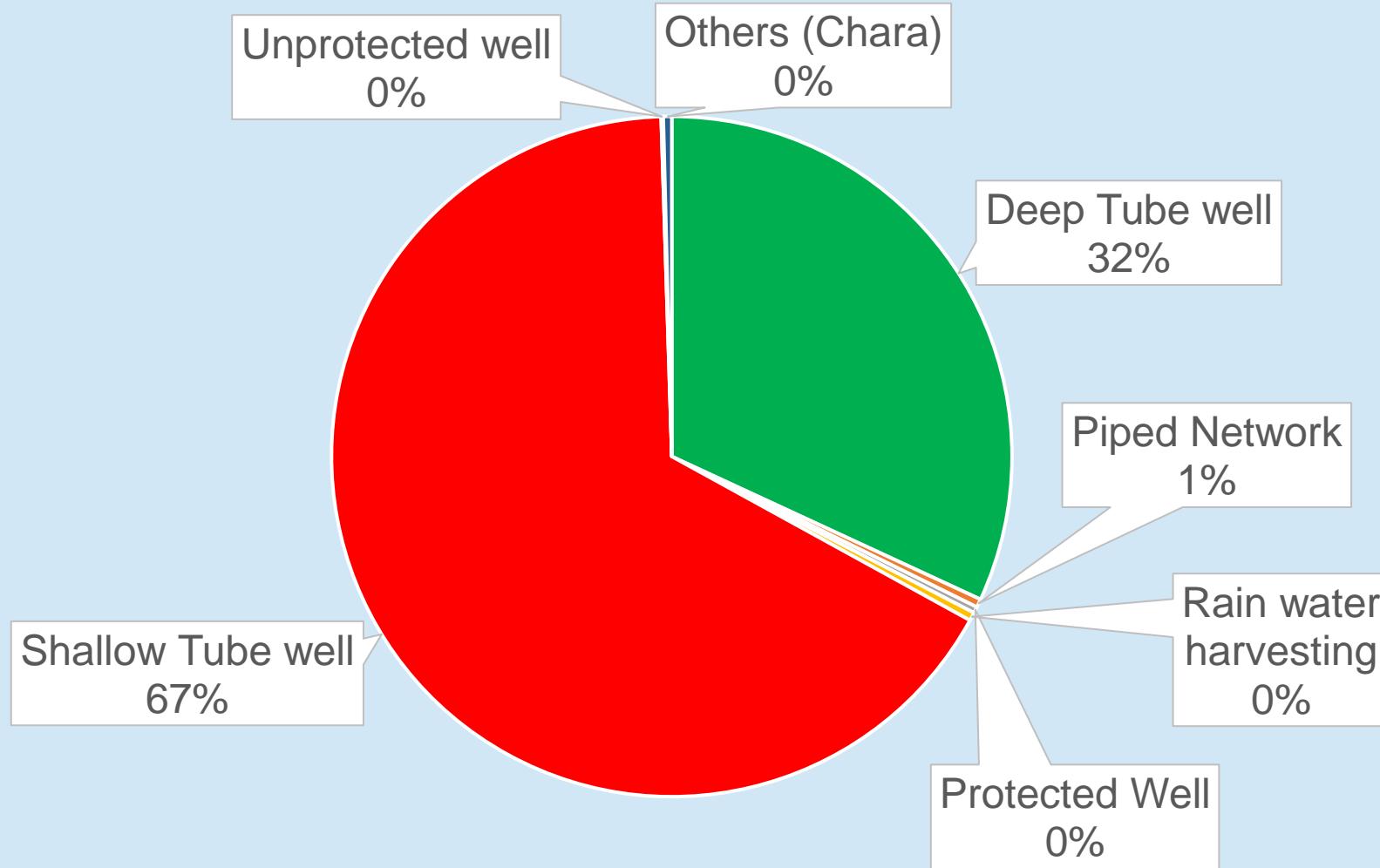
**Unprotected** consider deep or shallow tubewells without platforms and proper drainage, unprotected well and open sources. (DPHE Definition)

# WATER TREATMENT BEFORE DRINKING



Treated: Through boiling, filtering, Aquatab

# MAIN SOURCE OF DRINKING WATER



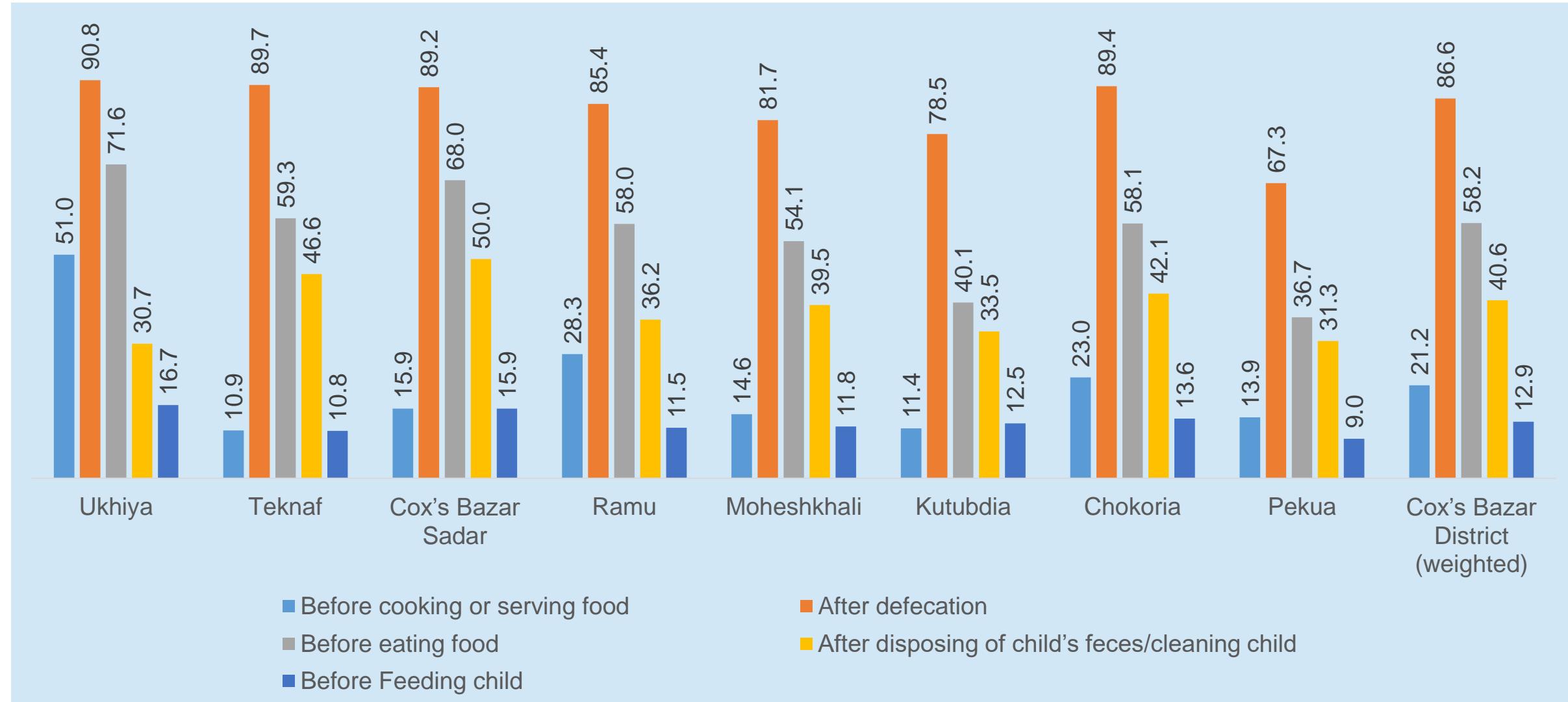
# HOUSEHOLD TOILET/LATRINE FACILITIES

Upazila	N	Improved	Not Improved
Ukhiya	944	69.5%	30.5%
Teknaf	695	54.7%	45.3%
Cox's Bazar Sadar	739	59.1%	40.8%
Ramu	1015	58.4%	41.7%
Moheshkhali	704	52.6%	47.4%
Kutubdia	678	61.2%	38.8%
Chokoria	1028	64.2%	35.8%
Pekua	625	59.5%	40.5%
<b>Cox's Bazar District (Weighted)</b>		<b>59.9%</b>	<b>40.1%</b>

**Improved:** Bio Fill Latrine, Latrine with water seal, Latrine with Septic Tank, Others(Public toilets, Shared etc). (DPHE Definition)

**Not Improved:** Hanging Latrine, Latrine which pit is broken/unmanaged/mixed with nearby water body, Latrine without water seal, Open defecation (DPHE Definition)

# HANDWASHING PRACTICE DURING CRITICAL TIME WITH WATER AND SOAP/ASH



# LIMITATIONS OF THE SURVEY

- ❑ Cross-sectional survey: snapshot in time, unable to establish causal relationships.
- ❑ No separate sample size for IYCF; covered under the anthropometric sample size therefore Limitation of representative sample for IYCF within respective age groups

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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- Upazila Family Planning Officers-Ukhiya, Teknaf, Cox's Bazar Sadar, Ramu, Moheshkhali, Pekua, Chokoria and Kutubdia.
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- Nutrition Sectors-Partners (Specially WFP & SHED)
- The Surveillance Team and Community People
- Upazila Nutrition Supervisors

End !  
Any Questions

