

Agenda	Discussion/Update	Action/ Follow-up
<p>Health Sector Updates</p>	<p>Cyclone preparedness activities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> After Cyclone Mocha as there was no major impact most of the partners were able to resume their activities within 48 hours to 72 hours. The health sector reiterated the fact that each agency is responsible for its own staff and the sector will not enforce what partners will do or not, staff will only be able to continue their services and take care of the patients after the impact if they are safe. The sector also recognizes that this time, the response was not fully ready for the impact and partners need to continue the preparedness activities, there should be contingency planning to move people, take care of people, and in prioritizing patients. The health sector continues its advocacy to improve health facility infrastructure and apparently, there are some progresses. The Health Sector placed around 3 million USD CERF flash appeal in response to the Cyclone Mocha - May 2023. 	<p>After action review to be conducted using Mocha as a living SYMEX event</p>
<p>Epidemiology, Case Management, and IPC WG updates</p>	<p>Findings of Scabies Prevalence Survey in Rohingya Refugees/FDMN Camps</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As per the protocol for the study developed, 2,910 samples were collected / total participants were reached whereas the estimated sample size was 2,757. Among the collected sample, 48.3% were male and 51.7% were female. The median age of the respondents was 17.4 years. Among 2,910 respondents, 1,160 respondents were diagnosed with clinical scabies based on the IACS diagnostic criteria B (B1, B3). The estimated prevalence was 39.9% with a 95% confidence interval [38.1,41.7] meaning that the study gives us 95% confidence that the true prevalence of scabies in camps will fall in between this range. The tests of proportion were statistically significant with a p-value <0.001 meaning the prevalence is higher than 10%, which was the criteria for MDA (WHO recommended threshold for MDA is >10% prevalence). The estimated prevalence was higher than 10% across all the camps, giving us the sense that for MDA all camps need to be targeted as all camps surpassed the >10% global threshold for Ivermectin based- MDA. Intra-gender distribution of scabies shows that the estimated prevalence for females (41.1%) was a bit higher than the males (38.5%), although the difference is not statistically significant. The distribution of Clinical scabies was evenly distributed across most age groups but appeared highest (45%) among the youngest age group (0-9 years). <p>The implication of the Findings –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All age groups and gender are at risk of scabies infestation in the camps, transmission of scabies and its level of infestation is community-wide. There is a need to break community transmission of scabies through mass community treatment of cases and all their contacts at the household level. Case treatment and contact detection at the health facility level seems to have been a sub-optimal approach in suppressing community-wide transmission after more than one year of persistent infestation. The approach in scaling up WASH and RECCE in the prevention and control of scabies needs to be reviewed to be more impactful. Based on available Scientific evidence, WHO Recommends Mass Drug Administration of Ivermectin as a break transmission strategy for scabies - community-wide treatment of scabies using ivermectin, Community-wide treatment of scabies using Permethrin 5% for contraindicated populations. <p>Other epidemiological updates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cholera: Three (3) confirmed and 2 suspected cholera cases were reported in Epi week 21, with 112 cases reported so far in 2023, of which 76 culture-confirmed cholera and zero case fatality rate so far in this year. Water quality assessment detected continuous contamination of water at the household level than recommended water collection points and sources (tap stands, deep tubewell), a potential driver for sporadic yet persistent Cholera transmission across the camps. Other Pandemic and Epidemic Prone Diseases: Varicella: Cases continue to gradually decline in the past five weeks including the current Epi week. Dengue: Weekly caseloads remain below 100 except for Epi week 9, this week 36 new cases were reported. Continuous monitoring is ongoing keeping the progress toward the Monsoon phase /rainy season of 2023 in mind. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Partners are requested to support the MDA with HR, Medicine, and logistics.
<p>Health Information</p>	<p>Health Systems Performance and Public health update</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Health Sector information management team presented the summary from Jan-April 2023 4W data and analysis, almost all the service utilization indicators showed a decreasing trend in April 	

Management	<p>2023 due to Ramadan.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Health Sector continues to follow up and support partners to streamline reporting. Unfortunately, the reporting rate is yet not up to the mark, a couple of partners are observed not reporting in the 4W. the Health sector reiterated the fact that not reporting in the 4W means your activities are not reflected to represent the overall response scenario and emphasized to report timely and correctly. Some facilities were observed submitting wrong and misleading information, the information was corrected during the data collection process. The health sector requested partners to communicate with the health sector information management team if there is any query or misunderstanding regarding the questions. Due to the staff turnover, in HeRAMS it has been observed that some facilities' data were not updated. The health sector requested partners to report correctly in HeRAMS, arrange proper handover and briefing for their newly joined staff, and may seek the health sector information management team's help on that. Partners were also requested to follow proper facility closing procedures and facility status in HeRAMS while closing a facility. <p>Updates on the new webpage on rohingyaresponse.org</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The website www.humanitarianresponse.info had been Archived but still accessible. ISCG is shifting to a new website, https://rohingyaresponse.org/, which was planned to go live in mid-May 2023, but has not gone live yet. The sector will inform partners when the website will be live. Non-JRP partners raised an issue about the new web page, as they have a concern that it will only show information for the JRP partners, JRP targets, etc. The health sector ensures that all the data that are available on the current page will be available on the new one and will discuss with ISCG further. <p>Health Sector Training Calendar</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The health sector showed the snapshot of the training calendar for June 2023 and a list of upcoming approved training in June 2023 and requested partners to follow the training calendar regularly and nominate participants for the required training. 	
Working Group Updates	<p>SRH WG:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SRH WG is going to arrange two days workshop on Maternal and Perinatal Mortality Surveillance and Response (MPMSR) in the coming week (6-7th June 2023). In June they are going to arrange a series of training in collaboration with the health sector and community health working groups to develop the skills of midwives and request partners to send their midwives for these skills-building initiatives. <p>MHPSS WG:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A visit of the MHPSS collaboratives was scheduled between 18-22 June to meet with different agencies and sector and Sub-sector leads to conduct a multisectoral desk review in CXB to understand the total MHPSS budget integrated with different sectors. The working group presented MHPSS MSP at the CPSS meeting, emphasizing the strengthening integration with CPSS. MHPSS Baseline survey (PKA) documents will be finalized by UNFPA in collaboration with CPSS and MHPSS working group. <p>CHWG:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community-Based neonatal death surveillance: The WG raised its concern about the increasing number of neonatal deaths reported in camps. A total of 149 neonatal deaths have been reported in 2023. Among them, 93 were in facilities and 56 were in community/ home. The WG suggested strong mitigation measures to reduce neonatal deaths. CHWG is planning with WHO for the piloting of community-based NCD screening. 	
A.O.B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A question was raised regarding HIV testing if it is possible to provide testing services to all the PHCs, currently, there are 31 facilities across the camp providing HIV testing services (PMTCT). Some key partners were missing in this health sector coordination meeting (e.g., UNICEF), the health sector reiterated the importance of the health sector coordination meeting and requested partners to attend all the meetings. 	To follow up with key partners such as UNICEF

Next Meeting: Tentative Date- 14th June 2023, Tentative Time- 10:30 am- 12:30 pm **Location:** TBA